DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY TECHNICAL MANUAI

OPERATOR, ORGANIZATIONAL DIRECT SUPPORT AND GENERAL SUPPORT MAINTENANCE MANUAL

AIR CONDITIONER, HORIZONTAL, COMPACT, 9000 BTUH 208 VOLT, 3 PHASE, 60 HERTZ (AMERICAN AIR FILTER CO., MODEL CH609-3 (4120-00-411-5444)

WARNING HIGH VOLTAGE

is used in the operation of this equipment.

DEATH ON CONTACT

or severe injury may result if personnel fail to observe safety precautions.

Always disconnect the air conditioner from power source before performing maintenance on this equipment

If power must remain on for troubleshooting, exercise extreme care to avoid contact with any electric

component, fan, fan motor, etc.

Do not operate the air conditioner without louvers, top covers, and guards in place and tightly secured

WARNING

REFRIGERANT UNDER PRESSURE

is used in the operation of this equipment.

DEATH

or severe injury may result if personnel fail to observe safety precautions.

Never use a heating torch on any part that contains refrigerant-22.

Avoid bodily contact with liquid refrigerant and avoid inhaling refrigerant gas.

WARNING

Dry cleaning solvent, P-D-680, used to clean parts, is potentially dangerous to personnel and property Avoid repeated and prolonged skin contact.

Do not use near open flame or excessive heat.

HNICAL MANUAL 5-4120-352-14

Washington, DC, 10 March 19 OPERATOR, TO ORGANIZATIONAL DIRECT SUPPORT AND

GENERAL SUPPORT MAINTENANCE MANUAL

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CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

Section I. GENERAL

1-1. Scope

This manual is for your use in operating and maintaining the AAF Model CH609-3 air conditioner.

1-2. Maintenance Forms and Records

Maintenance forms and records that you are required to use are explained in TM 38-750.

1-3. Reporting of Errors

You can improve this manual by calling attention to errors and by recommending improvements.

You will find several copies of DA Form 2028-2 (TEST) (Recommended Changes to Equipment

Technical Manuals) in the back of this manual; there is also a sample of DA Form 2028-2, properly filled out. If these have already been used, you may

submit your ideas on DA Form 2028 or in a letter. Mail DA Form 2028-2, DA Form 2028 or your letter to: Commander, U. S. Army Troop Support and Aviation Materiel Readiness Command.

ATTN: DRSTS-MTP, 4300 Goodfellow Bly Louis, MO 63120. A reply will be furnished of to you. Thanks for your help.

1-4. Equipment and Serviceabilit teria

This equipment is not covered by an ESC

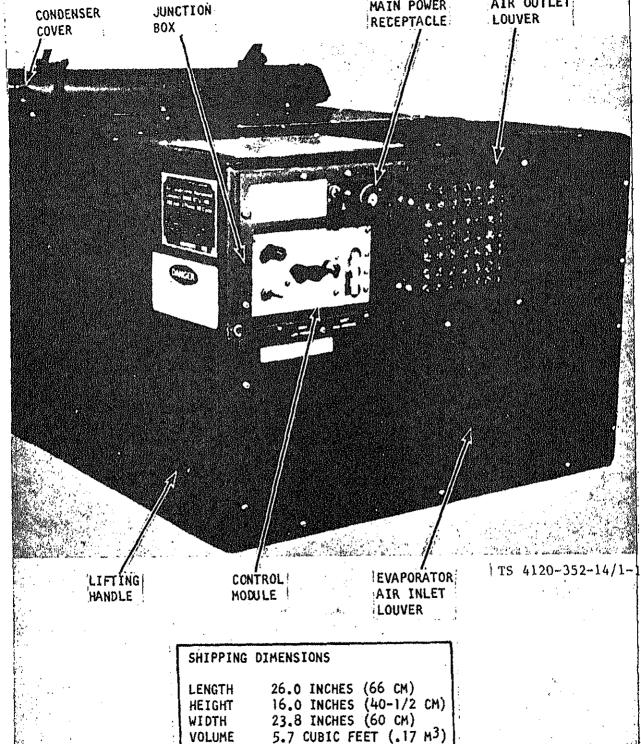
1-5. Destruction of Army Mater Prevent Enemy Use

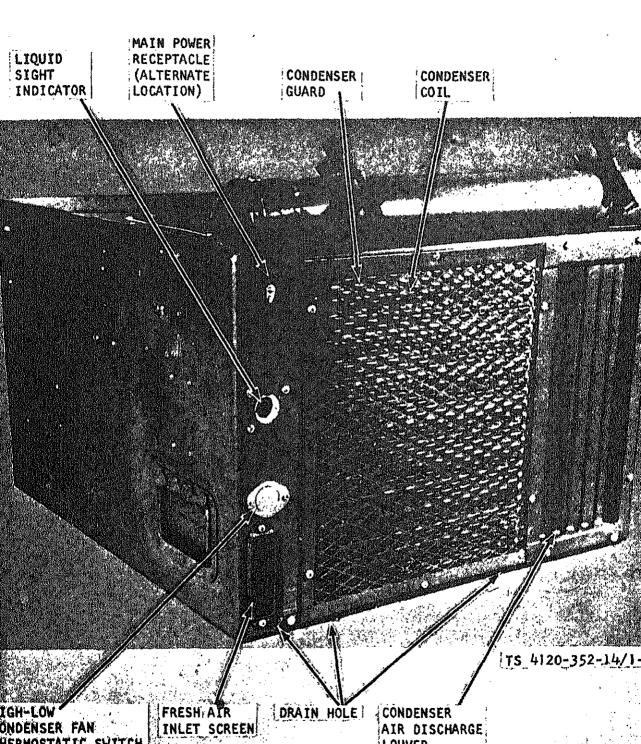
Instructions for destruction of materiel vent enemy use will be in accordance with T 244-3 (Procedures for Destruction of Equipm Prevent Enemy Use).

1-6. Administrative Storage

Preparation, care and removal of equipm administrative storage will be in accordance the applicable requirements of TM 740-90ministrative Storage of Equipment).

1.7. Difference Between Models This manual covers only AAF Model CH





Section II. DESCRIPTION AND DATA

l-8. Description

nodule.

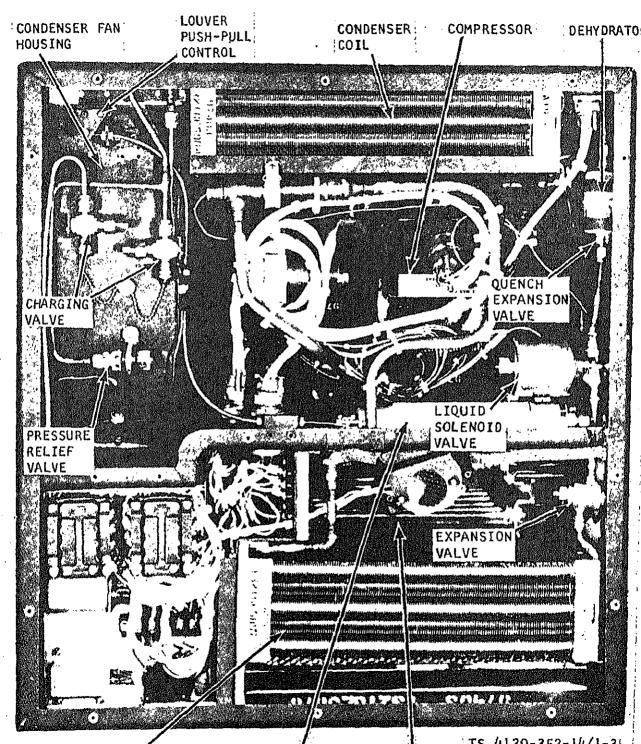
- a. General. Air conditioner model CH609-3 (figures 1-1 thru 1-3) is a lightweight, compact, horizontal unit designed for cooling and heating air to a desired predetermined range, and circulating the conditioned air to provide heating or cooling of equipment or personnel within the air-conditioned
- b. Evaporator Section. The evaporator section contains the evaporator coil, fan motor and fan, control module and junction box, air filter, heating elements and thermal expansion valve. When cooling, air in the evaporator section is forced over the evaporator coil by the evaporator fan which lowers the temperature of the air before it is distributed into the space to be conditioned. When heating, air is circulated over the heating elements and distributed into the space to be conditioned.

uted by the evaporator fan. Evaporator fan speed is

controlled by a selector switch located on control

c. Condenser Section. The condenser section contains the hermetically sealed motor compressor. condenser coil, condenser fan and motor, actuator. service valves, filter dryer, equalizer solenoid valve. liquid quench valve, pressure regulator valve, electrical power connectors, and the necessary refrigerant. The compressor mechanically compresses refrigerant vapor to a condensing condition and discharges it into the condenser coil through the hot gas line. Outside air, drawn over the condenser coil surface by the condenser fan, condenses the refrigerant vapor to a liquid. The liquid then leaves the condensing coil and returns to the thermal expansion valve through the liquid line. Condenser fan speed is controlled with a thermostatic switch located on rear of unit. At ambient temperature of 100°F +5°F (38°C +3°C) or above, the condenser fan speed will turn at high speed, but at ambient temperature below 100°F +5°F (38°C +3°C) the condenser fan will turn at low speed. Due to residual mass heat there will be a delayed reaction time for this to happen when ambient temperature drops

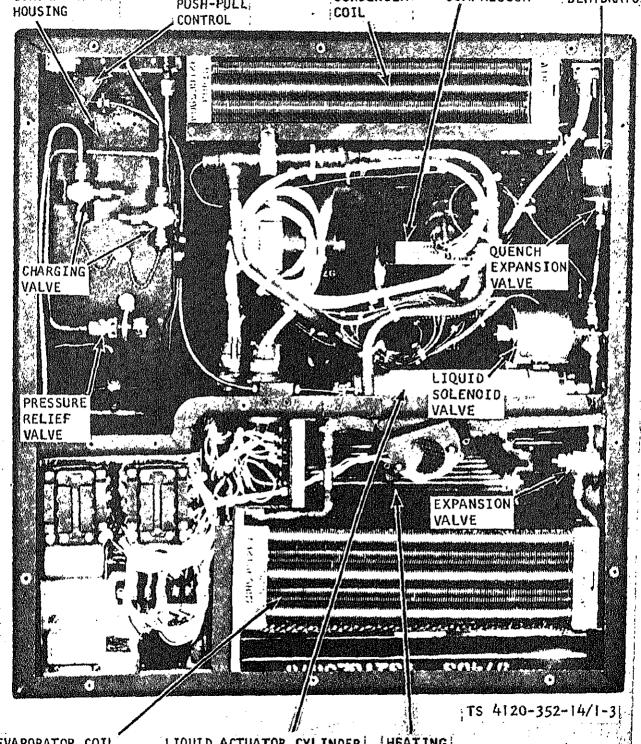
below the 100°F (38°C) changeover point.



Section II. DESCRIPTION AND DATA

1-8. Description

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- c. Condenser Section. The condenser section contains the hermetically sealed motor compressor condenser coil, condenser fan and motor, actuator service valves, filter dryer, equalizer solenoid valve liquid quench valve, pressure regulator valve, elec. trical power connectors, and the necessary refrie. erant. The compressor mechanically compresses refrigerant vapor to a condensing condition and discharges it into the condenser coil through the hot gas line. Outside air, drawn over the condenser coil surface by the condenser fan, condenses the refrig. erant vapor to a liquid. The liquid then leaves the condensing coil and returns to the thermal expansion valve through the liquid line. Condenser fan speed is controlled with a thermostatic switch located on rear of unit. At ambient temperature of 100°F +5°F (38°C +3°C) or above, the condenser fan speed will turn at high speed, but at ambient temperature below 100°F +5°F (38°C +3°C) the condenser fan will turn at low speed. Due to residual mass heat there will be a delayed reaction time for this to happen when ambient temperature drops below the 100°F (38°C) changeover point.



1-9. Identificati	on and Tabulated Data	Low	opens at 300°F + 10°F (1: +5°C)
a. Identification	i. Each air conditioner has ion plate mounted on the side	Rotation (Facing., shaft end)	Counterclockwise
of the unit. The plates	specifies nomenclature, manu-	(2) Compressor	(includes crankcase heate
hertz, volts, serial er	art number, BTU/hr., phase, , contract number, and ship- facturer's identification plate	Manufacturer Model	Welco Inductries, Inc. MIL-R-9-VAC-620 (modified marking "97403 13208E4182-"
mounted just below t	he military plate contains the	Oil charge	24 ounces (. 7 kg)
manufacturer's name	and address and the model	Volts	208
and serial numbers.	tina adal oob and	Hertz	50/60
b. Tabulated Da	eta Ganaral	Phase	3
	ner, model CH 609-3.	Weight (with oil)	47-1/4 pounds (21.5 kg)
Nomenclature	Air conditioner, horizontal,	(3) Solenoid val	ves (L1 and L2).
rvoinenciature	compact	Manufacturer	Jackes-Evans Mfg. Co.
Manufacturer	American Air Filter Co., Inc.	Part number	OB2S3 (modified by mar "97403 13216E6158")
Capacity.	9,000 BTU/hr.	Type	Pilot operated diaphragm type
Heating	7,000 BTU/hr.		mally open (when not energize
Phase	3	Volts	24 DC
Hertz	50/60	(4) Heater alam	ent (HR1 through HR6).
AC volts	208		
(2) Dimensions	and weights.	Manufacturer Part number	Edwin L. Weigand Co. 12-112163 (modified by mar
Length	26 in (66 cm.)		"97403-13216E6124-2")
Height	16 in (40·1/2 cm.)	Sheath	Nickel-iron-chromium alloy,
Width	23-3/4 in. (60 cm.)		bular type
Weight	191 lbs. (87 kg.)	Element	Nickel-chromium
m t l . t fo	A. OA. Cutton A.	Volts	120 315
	ita, Components Subject to	watts	310
Operator Maintena: (1) Condenser f	nce. an motor (B2) and/or evapo-	(5) Liquid sight	indicator.
rator fan motor (B3).		Manufacturer	Sporlan Valve Co.
Manufacturer	IMC Magnetics Corp.	Part number	SA12S (modified by mar
Model	FBT4625-3 (modified by marking "97403 13216E6140-3")		"97403 13216E6155")
Volts	208	d. Tabulated De	ata, Components Subjec
Hertz	50/60	Organizational Ma	•
Phase	3		Circuit Breaker (CB-1).
RPM	3450/1725	Manufacturer	Heinemann Electric
Horsepower:		Part number	
High	0.73		"97403 13216E6205-1")
Low	0.16	Туре	3 PST, series trip with med
Amperes:		• •	cally actuated auxillary switch
High	2.3	(7)	
Low	0.9	(2) Control circ	uit breaker (CB2).
Duty	Continuous Direct	Manufacturer	Texas Instruments, Inc.
Thermal	Ducct	Part number	2MC·102·1 (modified by ma
protector	Automatic reset type		"97403 13216E6178-1")
High	opens at 250°F + 9°F (120°C	Туре	SPST, series trip
	+5°C)		

(3) Rectifier (CI	R1).	Part number	8906K1462 (modified by marking
Manufacturer	Motorla Semiconductor Products, Inc.	Туре	"97403 13216E6200") 3 PDT, slow make, slow bres
Part number	MDA952-3 (modified by marking		contacts
	"97403 13216E6223")	(12) Temperatur	e selector switch (S3).
(4) Time delay r	elav (K1).	Manufacturer	Penn controls, Inc
Manufacturer	E. V. Naylor Laboratories, Inc.	Part number	A19AGE23 (modified by marking
Part number	TQ1D25 (modified by marking "97403 13216E6182")	Туре	"97403 13216E6203-1") SPDT
Alternate	HI-G Inc., Part No. 1600-3590 (modified by marking)	Temperaturerange	60°F to 90°F
Туре	SPDT	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	00 1 to 50 F
Time delay	25 + 6 seconds	(13) High pressu	ire switch (S4).
•		Manufacturer	Penn Controls, Inc.
(5) Heater relay	(K2).	Part number	P20DA 18 (modified by marking "97403 13216 E6215-3")
Part number	MS24192D1	Туре	SPST, normally closed, with tri
Туре	3 PST, normally open	• , , ,	free manual reset
Volts	28 VDC	Pressure setting	445° + 10 paig
(6) Compressor i	notor relay (K3)	(14) Low pressur	re switch (S5).
Part number	MS24192D1	Manufacturer	Penn Controls, Inc.
TypeVolts	3 PST, normally open 28 VDC	Part number	P20BA-16 (modified by markin "97403 13216E6215-1")
(7) Condenser fa	n relay (K4).	Туре	SPST, normally closed, with tri
Manufacturer	Potter and Brumfield	Pressure setting	15 + 5 psig
Part number	KA4619 (modified by marking	Treeduce beering	to to paig
	"97403 13216E6184")	(15) Heater ther	mostatic switch (S6).
Type	3 PDT, armature type	Manufacturer	Therm-O-Disc, Inc.
Coil voltage	24 VDC	Part number	HLAS4947 (modified by marking "97403 13216E6224")
(8) R. F. I. cap	acitor (C1).	Туре	DPST, normally closed, bimetallic
Type designation	CK14AX103K	Reset	Automatic
Specification	MIL-C-11015/20A	Contacts open	
Туро	Fixed	(temp. rise)	150°F + 5°F (65.5°C + 3°C)
Dielectric	Cerumic	Contacts close	
Capacitance	10,000 pf + 10 pf	(temp. drop)	110°F + 5°F (43°C 3°C)
(9) R. F. I. caps	acitor (C2 or C6).	(16) Condenser fa (S7).	an relay thermostatic switcl
Manufacturer	Paktron	(37).	
Part number	Paktron WA . 056	Manufacturer	Thermo-O-Disc, Inc.
Type	Fixed	Part number	14T22 (modified by markin
Dielectric	Mylar		"97403 13216E6217") and change
Capacitance	0.056 mfd + 10%	_	ing mounting holes to slots)
Working voltage	400 VDC	Туре	SPST, normally open, non-adjustable bimetallic disc
(10) Rotary selec		Contacts close	
Manufacturer	Ark-Les Switch Corp.	(temp. rise)	100°F + 5°F (38°C + 3°C)
Part number	2267A1 (modified by marking "97403 13216E6201")	(17) Transformer	· (T1).
Туре	8 PDT, 4 switch wafers		

Part number	HNE1HW100-6A (modified by marking "97403 13216E6160-1")	Part number	70034-187 (modified by ma "97403 13216E6171")
Outlet	1/4 ODF 3/8 ODF 30"	Adjustment range	0 to 80 paig 68 paig
Nominal capacity	1 ton	(22) Dehydrator	
(factory set)	6°F + 1/2°F at a 32°F bath tem- perature (3-1/3°C + 1/3°C at a 0°C	Manufacturer Part number	Alco Valve Co. ADK032 (modified by ma "97403 13216E5918-1")
	bath temperature)	Туре	Sealed and nonrefillable
(19) Liquid quer	nch valve.	(23) Actuator cy	linder assembly.
ManufacturerPart number	Alco Controls Corp. HN1/4CW16A (modified by marking "97403 13216E6174-1")	Manufacturer Part number	Robertshaw Control Co. PO11-22 (modified by ma
InletOutlet	1/4 ODF 3/8 ODF 30"	Stroke	"97403 13216E6128" and cha cable attachment plate .952 in.
Nominal capacity	1/4 ton	Full stroke pressure (no load)	240 + 20 psig
(factory set)	16°F + 1/2°F at a 32°F bath tem- perature 9°C + 1/3°C at a 0°C bath	Pressure to start stroke	
	temperature	atroke	165 + 15 paig
(20) Refrigerant	t service valves.		
Manufacturer Part number		1-10. Diagrams. a. Control system	n schematic diagram. I
		to figure 1-4 for s diagram.	ystem electrical schen

Controls Co. of America

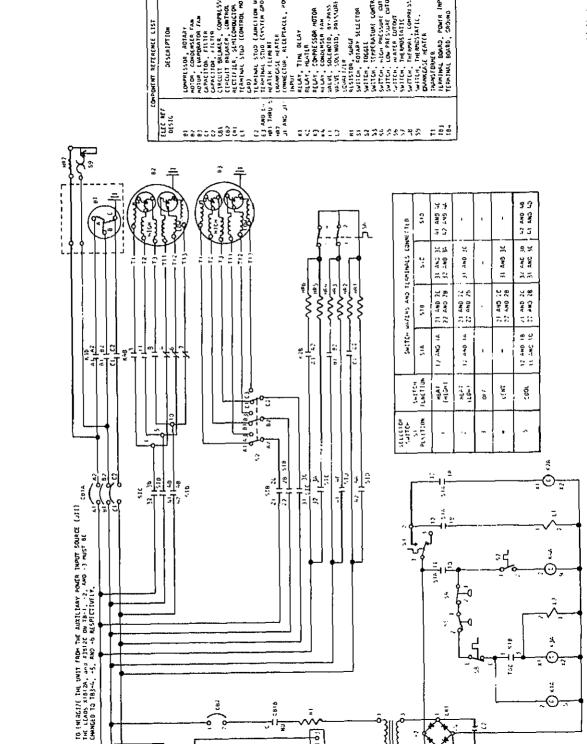
104A

Manufacturer.....

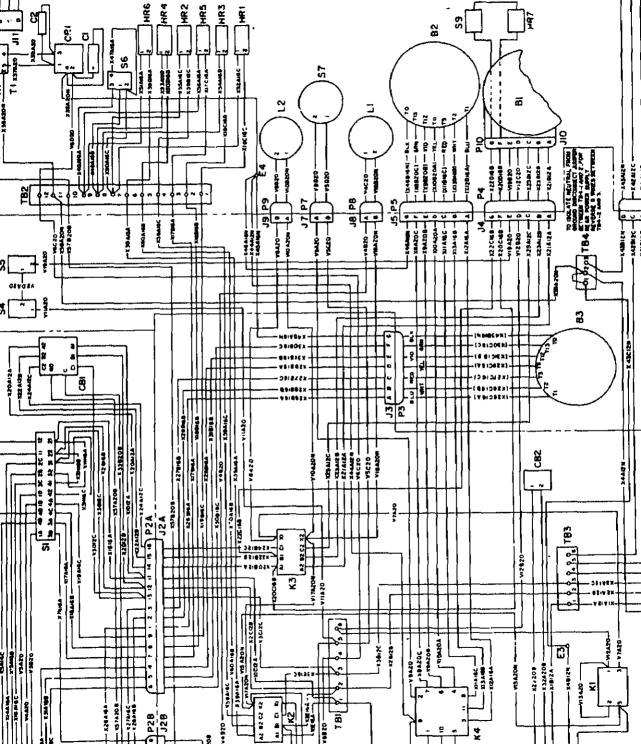
Model number.....

(10) Thethial exhausion saises

Manufacturer. Alco Controls Corp.



b. Wiring Diagram. Refer to figure 1-5 for system wiring diagram.





CHAPTER 2

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

WARNING

If equipment fails to operate refer to troubleshooting procedures in chapter 3.

Section I. OPERATING PROCEDURES

2-1. Unloading Equipment

The total weight of the air conditioner is 191 pounds (87 kg.). Use a hand truck or forklift of at least 300 pounds capacity to unload the unit. Keep unit upright during the unloading operation.

2-2. Unpacking Equipment

Move the unit as near to the site of installation as possible. Remove crating hardware and metal straps, being careful not to damage the unit with the tools used for uncrating.

2-3. Inspecting and Servicing Equipment

a. Inspection. Inspect the entire air conditioner for signs of damage, missing or loose hardware, and any defects that may have been incurred during shipment. Make a thorough check to see that all wiring, lines, and tubing are secure; and pay particular attention to the evaporator and condenser coils

and main power receptacle connectors. Be sure that visible wiring and insulation are not frayed or broken. Check the evaporator and condenser fan motors. Report all damage and defects to or-

ganizational maintenance.

b. Servicing. Perform the daily prever maintenance services listed in paragraph 3-a sure all hardware is securely in place.

2-4. Installation

a. General. The air conditioner is shipped

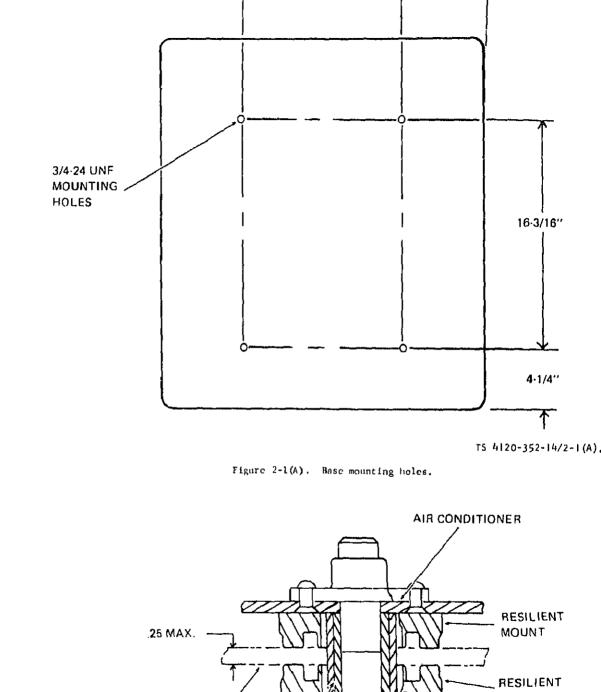
charge of refrigerant and compressor oil. Installunit on a firm, level surface to allow proper densate drainage. Place it so that the control pand condenser and evaporator louvers are access to the operator and to maintenance personne

sure there are no obstructions in front of any a

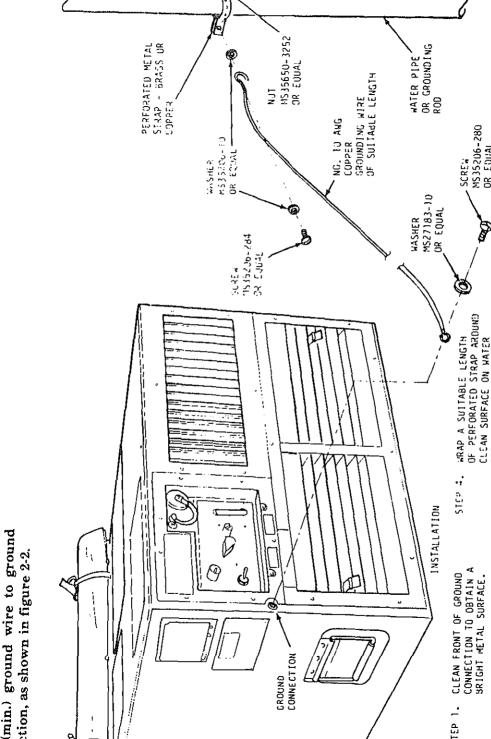
sembled and ready for operation. It contains a

take or discharge louvers or other openings may cause insufficient flow of air into or out o air conditioner. If the unit is van mounted, re any such obstructions to organizational manance.

b. Mounting. Base mounting hole dimensare shown on figure 2-1(A). The resilient material parts shown in figure 2-1(B) are shipped with air conditioner.



MOUNT



fe operation connect a No. 10

CAUTION

MS35206-280 OR EQUAL SCREW

TS4120-352-14/2-2

TO SECURELY TIGHTEN STRAP TO TO STRAP IN A MANNER SUCH AS OTHER END OF GROUNDING WIRE WASHERS AND NUT, ATTACH PIPE AND WIRE TO STRAP.

WASHER, ATTACH ONE END OF WIRE TO AIR CONDITIONER

FRONT PANEL GROUND

USING 1/4-20 SCREW AND

FP 3.

USING 1/4-20 SCREW, TWD

STEP 5.

MAKE

LOOP AT WIRE ENDS.

REMOVE INSULATION FROM ENDS OF GROUNDING WIRE OR USE BARE WIRE. MAKE

TEP 2.

PIPE OR GROUNDING ROD. OO NOT USE GAS PIPE. d. Air Ducts. Connect air ducts contingent to

site of installation. Mount air filter in duct work if an evaporation return air duct is required.

Operation without filtration will clog coils.

Section II. CONTROLS AND INSTRUMENTS

2.6.

2-5.

General

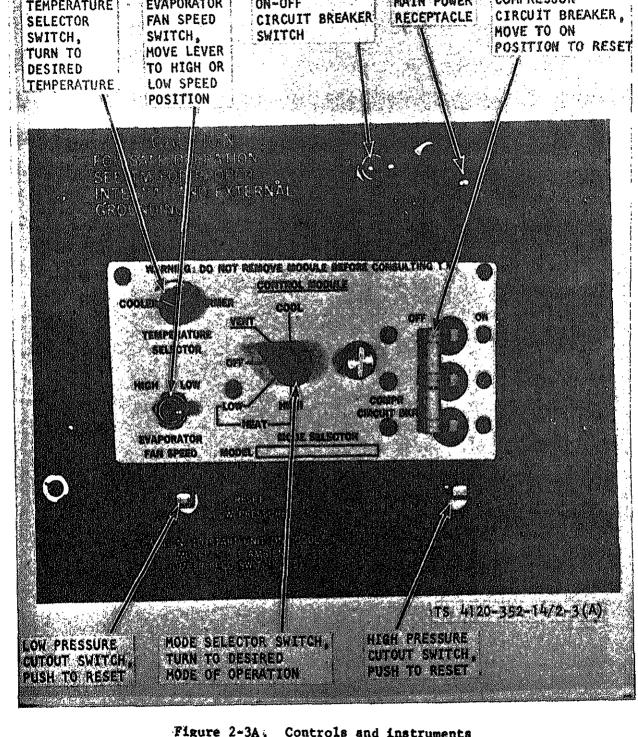
This section describes, locates and illustrates the various controls and provides the operator/crew sufficient information to insure proper operation of the air conditioner

The location and the function of the controls

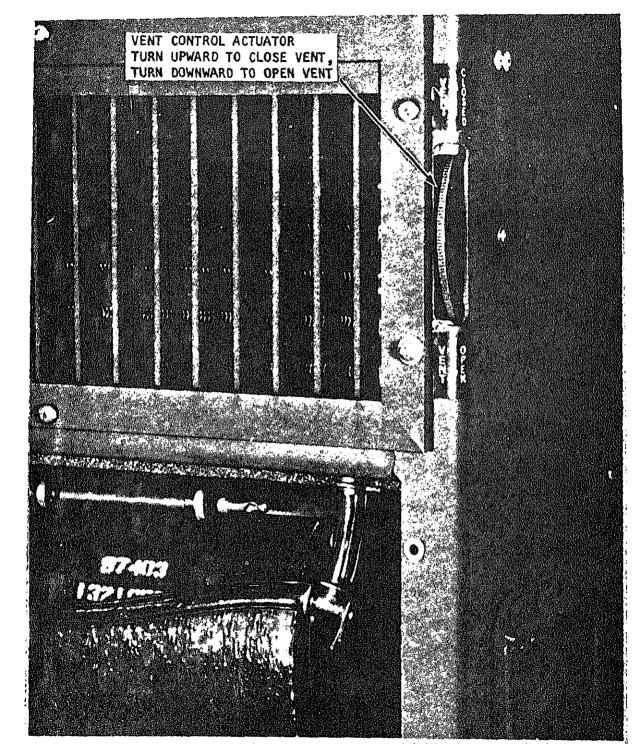
instruments are illustrated in figure 2-3.

Controls and Instruments

NOTE

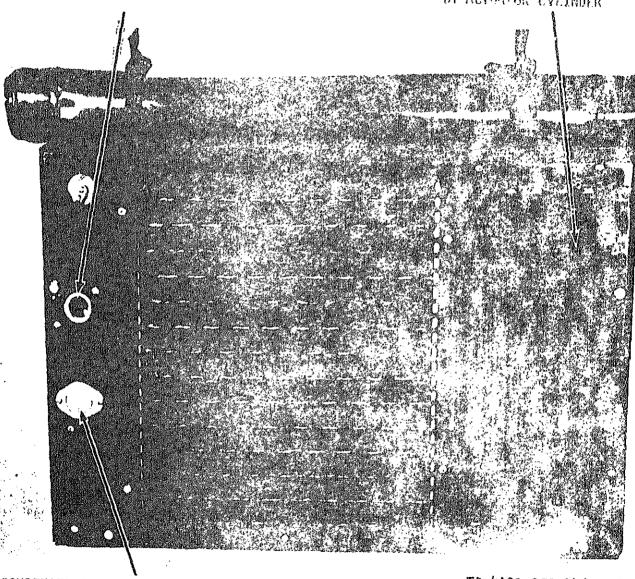


Controls and instruments



LIQUID SIGHT INDICATOR, MILKY OR CLOUDY FLUID OR BUBBLES INDICATE INSUFFICIENT CHARGE OR CONTAMINATED REFRIGERANT SYSTEM

LOUVER ASSEMBLY, AUTOMATICALLY CONTROLLED BY ACTUATOR CYLINDER



CONDENSER FAN RELAY THERMOSTATIC SWITCH, CLOSES HIGH SPEED CIRCUIT ON TEMPERATURE RISE AT 100°F

TS 4120-352-14/2-3C

General

-7.

a. The instructions in this section are published or the information and guidance of the personnel

espensible for the operation of the air conditioner. 6. The operator must know how to perform every

peration of which the air conditioner is capable. his section gives instructions on starting and stop-

ing the air conditioner, and detailed operating intructions. Since nearly every condition presents a lifferent problem, the operator may have to vary he given procedure to fit the condition.

-8 Starting and Operating Instructions. a. Preparation for Starting.

(1) Perform the daily preventive maintenance

ervice (para 3-4). (2) Connect the main power cable.

(3) Check drain holes to insure that they are

pen. (4) Be sure the unit is firmly secured.

(5) Roll up condenser cover and tie at top of

ir conditioner to clear condenser opening.

When vent damper door is open to admit fresh air, partially close evaporator inlet louver to balance incoming air. Keep vent or damper door closed during

NOTE

heavy rain. b. Starting Instructions for Cooling. Sta the air conditioner for cooling as shown in figure

4 c. Operating Instructions for Coo ing. Operate the air conditioner for cooling

shown by figure 2.5. d. Starting Instructions for Hea ing. Starting the air conditioner for heating shown in figure 2.6.

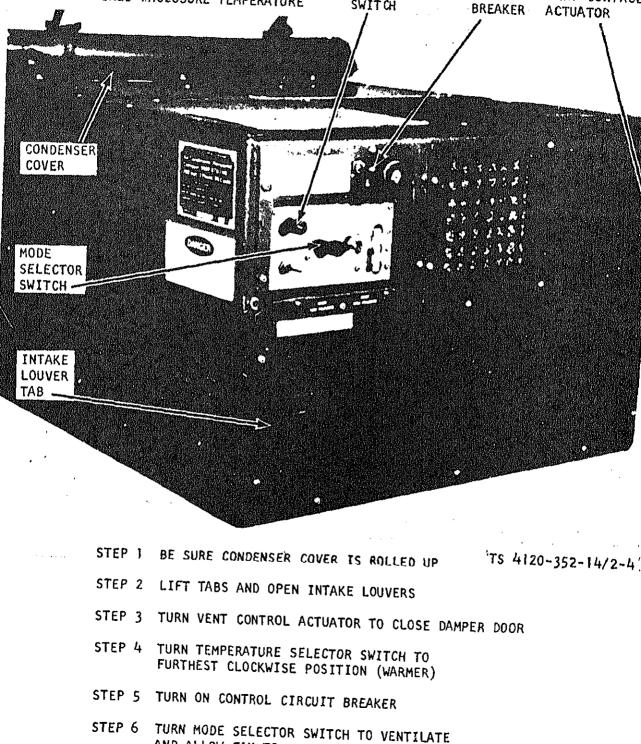
e. Operating Instructions for Hea ing. Operate the air conditioner for heating shown in figure 2.7.

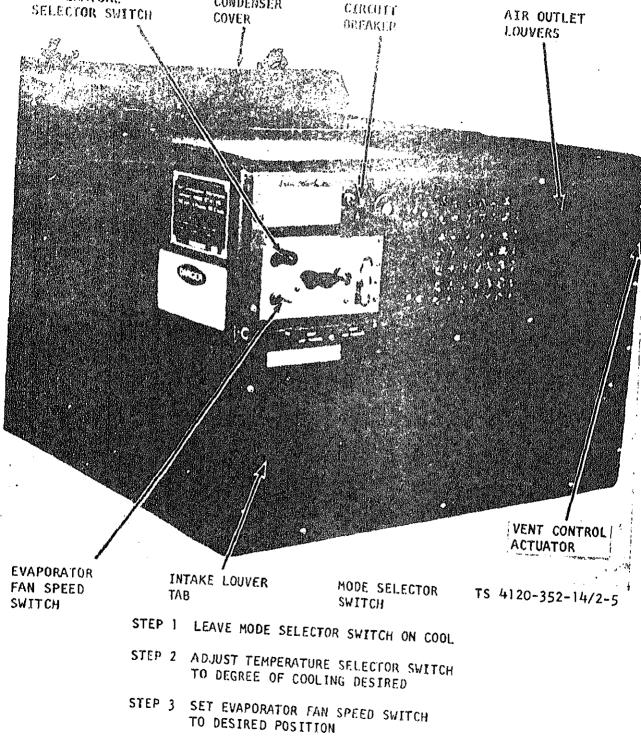
f. Operating Instructions for Vent lation. Operate the air conditioner for ventilation as shown by figue 2-8.

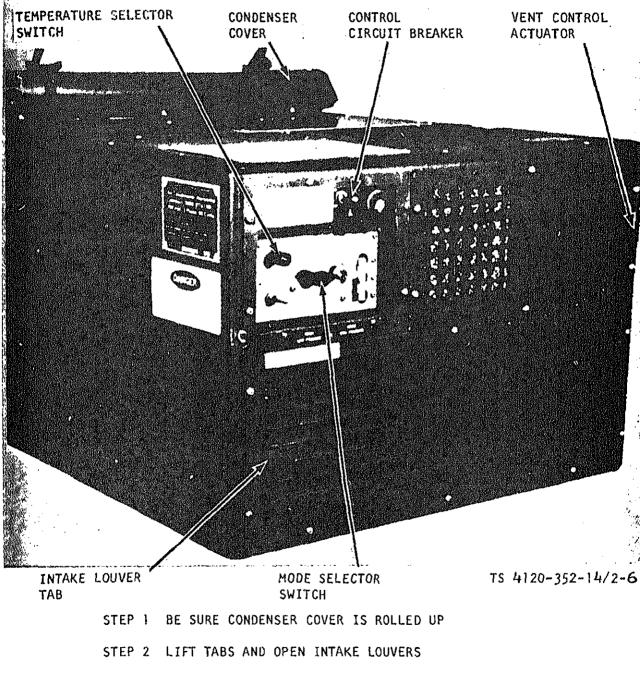
2-9. Stopping Instructions a. Stop the air conditioner as shown by figure

9. b. Perform the daily preventive maintenan-

service (para 3.4).

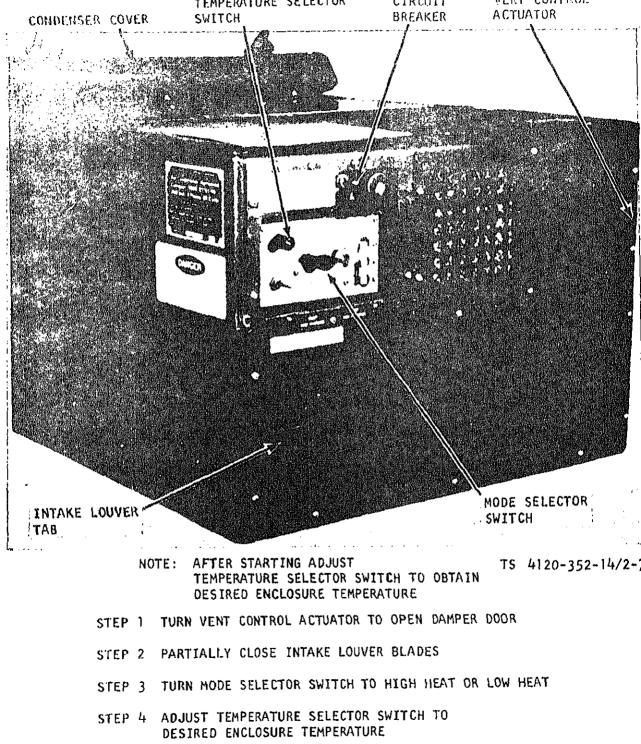


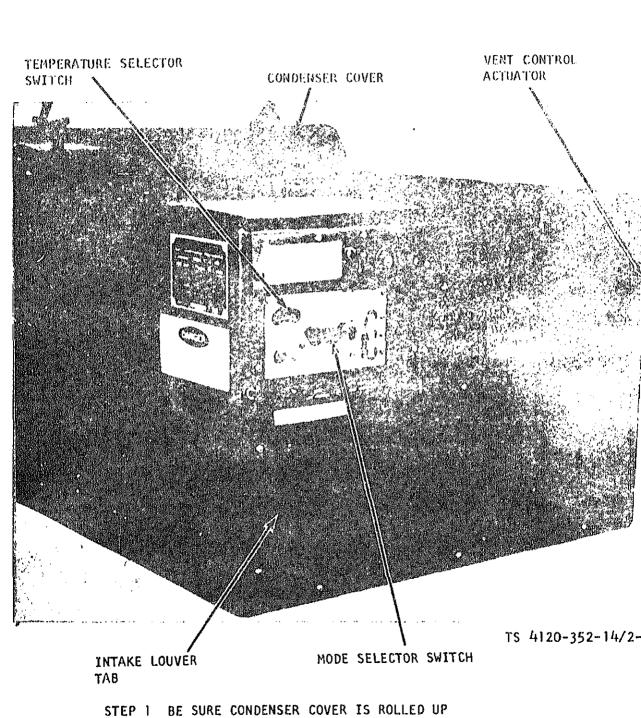


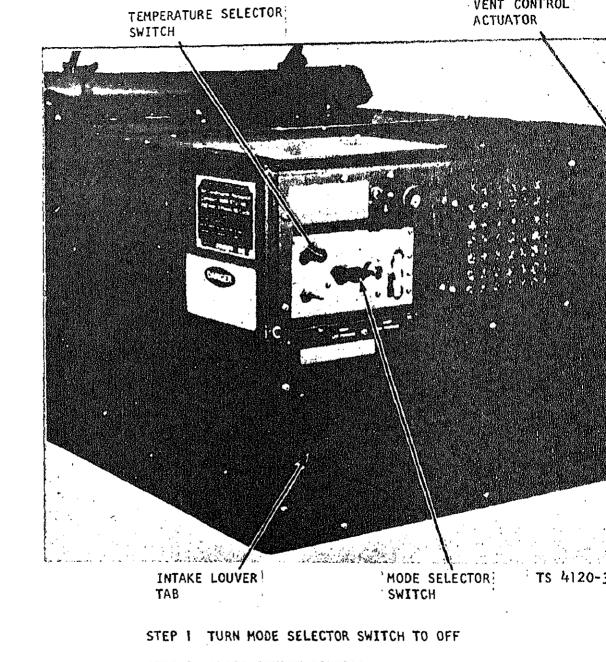


STEP 3 TURN VENT CONTROL ACTUATOR TO CLOSE DAMPER DOOR
STEP 4 TURN TEMPERATURE SELECTOR SWITCH TO

FURTHEST COUNTERCLOCKWISE POSITION (COOLER)







STEP 2 CLOSE INTAKE LOUVERS

STEP 3 TURN ACTUATOR TO CLOSE FRESH AIR VENT DAMPER
NOTE: IF SHUTDOWN IS FOR AN EXTENDED PERIOD,

OPERATION UNDER UNUSUAL CONDITIONS

a. General. The air conditioner is designed to perate on the heating cycle in ambient tem-

eratures as low as minus 50°F (-45°C) and on cool-

ng cycle with 0°F (.18°C) air entering the conlenser and 70°F (21°C) air entering the evaporator.

b. Before Operation. Before starting on cooling

ycle be sure cover is removed from condenser air

ntake and discharge. Clear all ice and snow from penings. Be sure all dampers are in operating con-

c. After Operation. Install cover over conlenser air intake and discharge openings.

Do not disturb wiring during cold

CAUTION

weather unless absolutely necessary.

Cold temperatures make wiring and

Section IV.

Operation in Extreme Cold

2-10.

ition.

insulation brittle and easily broken. -11. Operation in Extreme Heat a. General. The air conditioner is designed to

perate satisfactorily at temperatures up to plus 20°F (49°C). If unit is operated at condenser inlet emperatures higher than 120°F (49°C), the cooling

apacity will be lowered, and long periods of oper-

tion at extended temperatures may cause con-

lenser or condenser fan motor to overheat and trip heir internal overload switches or the high presure cutout switch will shut the unit off. b. Filters. To maintain the highest capacity of he unit, the return air filter and fresh air screen hould be cleaned weekly or more often if necessary. Firty filters reduce the flow of air across the evapo-

ator coil, thereby reducing the capacity of the air

s frequently as necessary to prevent dirt or other

natter from obstructing the air flow.

onditioner. c. Guards and Louvers. Keep all guards and ouvers clean and free of any obstructions to mainain full air flow through the air conditioner. d. Coils. Clean evaporator and condenser coils age electrical system with water. Special attentimust be given to prevent rust and corrosion.

Never operate the unit without having the air filters in place.

c. Air Filters and Coils.

(2) The condenser coil is subjected to ambie air. Therefore, it requires cleaning more often the the evaporator coil.

filters, coils, electrical components and grilles. U compressed air, if available, to aid in cleaning.

ponents and grilles must be serviced more often.

NOTE

(1) Under extremely dusty or sandy contions, the louvers, filters, coils, electrical con

Operation Under Rainy of 2-13. **Humid Conditions**

Take special precautions to keep equipment dr If installed outdoors, cover the equipment with waterproof cover when it is not in use. Remo cover during dry periods. Take all necessary pr cautions to keep the electrical components fr from moisture.

WARNING Make sure power is disconnected

any wiring or other electrical parts.

from air conditioner before touching

Operation in Salt Water Areas 2-14. a. General. Wash the exterior and condens section of the unit, particularly condenser air d

charge louver control mechanism, with clean fre

water at frequent intervals. Be careful not to day

WARNING

Disconnect power source prior to washing the air conditioner.

OPERATOR/CREW MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

3-2.

3-4.

Section I. LUBRICATION INSTRUCTIONS

The evaporator and condenser motors are permanently lubricated by the manufacturer and require no additional lubrication.

3-1.

3-3.

2

3

Fan Motors.

lubricated by the manufacturer and require no a ditional lubrication.

The compressor and compressor motor are ful

Compressor.

Section II. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE CHECKS AND SERVICES tinued. All deficiences and shortcoming will

General. To insure that the air conditioner is ready for operation at all times, it must be inspected systematically so that defects may be discovered and corrected before they result in serious damage or failure. The necessary preventive maintenance services

to be performed are listed and described in para-

graph 3-4. The item numbers indicate the sequence

of minimum inspection requirements. Defects dis-

covered during operation of the unit will be noted

for future correction to be made as soon as operation

of the unit has ceased. Stop operation immediately

if a deficiency is noted during operation which

would damage the equipment if operation were con-

recorded, together with the corrective action take on DA Form 2404, at the eariliest possib opportunity.

Daily Preventive Maintenance

Services. This paragraph contains a tabulated listing preventive maintenance services which must performed by the operator. The item numbers a listed consecutively and indicate the sequence

minimum requirements. Refer to table 3-1 for the daily preventive maintenance services.

0.05

0.05

Table 3-1.	Operator/Crew Preventive Maintenance Check	es ana Services
B - Before Operation	D · During Operation	A - After Operati

INT	ERVAL	AND		WORK
SEX	QUENCE	NO.	ITEM TO BE INSPECTED	TIME
В	D	Λ	PROCEDURE	(M/H)

CONDENSER COVER

With cover rolled up for operation, check securing ties for damage. 0.05

DRAINS 7

0.10

Inspect drains for obstruction to drainage. Remove obstructions

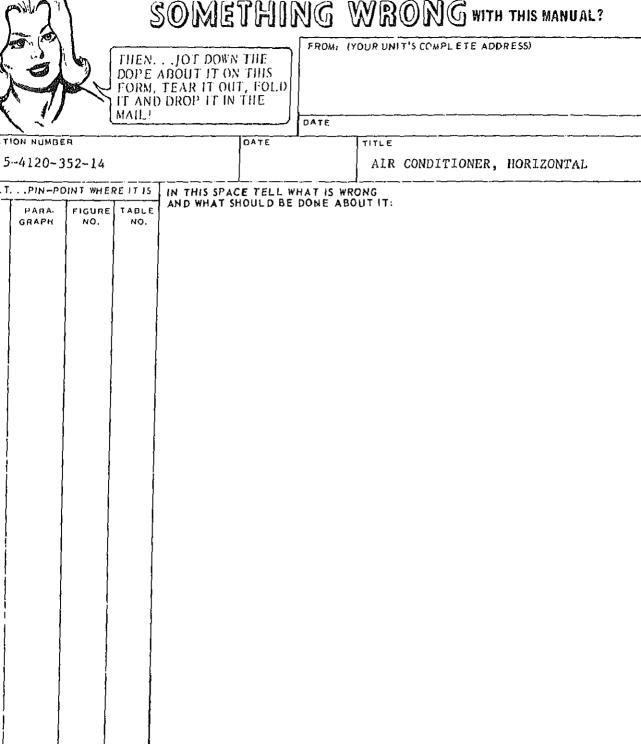
MAINT POWER RECEPTACLE CONNECTOR

Check for secure power connection. Tighten if necessary

5 LIQUID SIGHT INDICATOR Check for moisture and low refrigerant chage. Yellow indicates mositure; bubbles or milky

appearance indicates low charge.

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	POBYAGE AND PEEB THE TO THE
Commander U.S. Army Troop Support and Materiel Readiness Command ATTN: DRSTS-MTPS 4300 Goodfellow Boulevard	Aviation
	Commander U.S. Army Troop Support and Materiel Readiness Command ATTN: DRSTS-MTPS



FILL IN YOUR
UNIT'S ADDRESS

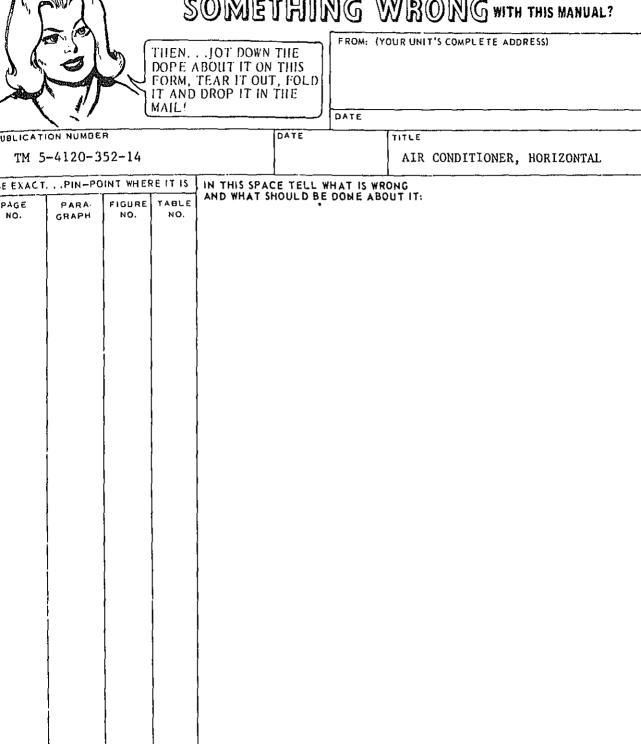
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DEPARTMENT OF THE DOD-314

OFFICIAL BUSINESS

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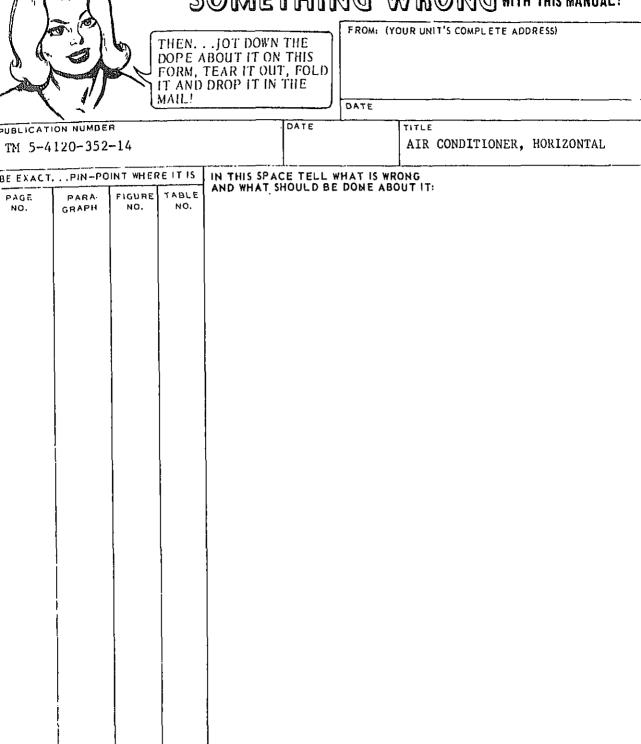
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Materiel Readiness Command

ATTN: DRSTS-MTPS

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St. Louis, MO 63120



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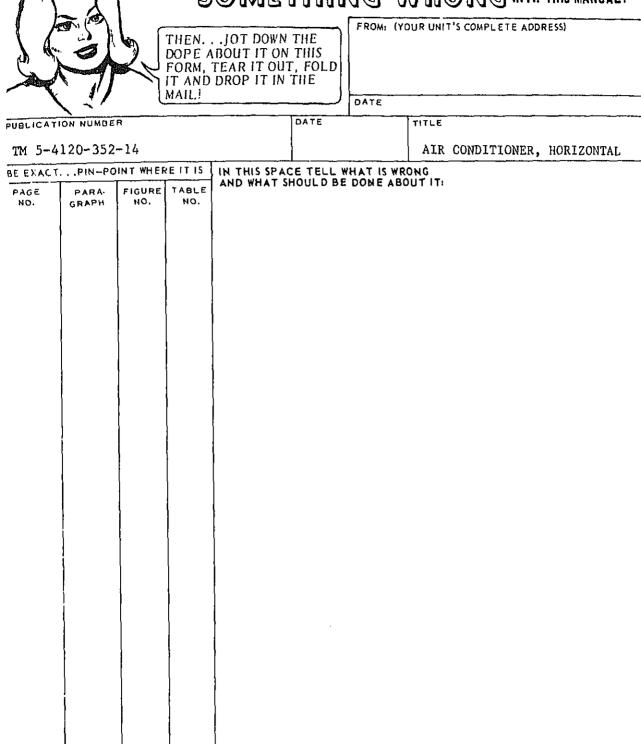
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Materiel Readiness Command

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U.S. Army Troop Support and Aviation

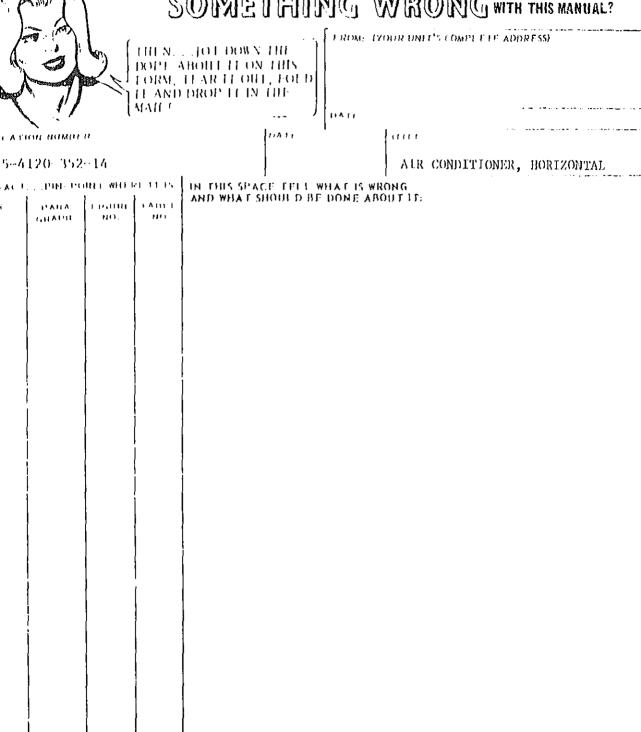
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U.S. Army Troop Support and Aviation

The Metric System and Equivalents

tiness Mesauce	I tigned Measure
Legatimeter 10 millimeters 29 meh Legimenter 10 centimetere 294 mehes Limeter 10 decimeters 2927 mehes Lekumeter 10 meters 223 feet Limetermeter 10 dekameters 223 03 feet	Legariliter > 40 millitera > 34 ff ounce Laborativer > 10 centilitera = 3.38 ff ounces Lliter = 10 declitera = 38.82 ff ounces Laborativer = 10 https://doi.org/10.1006/ Laborativer = 10 dekalitera = 26.42 gallona Lkiloliter = 10 hectolitera = 26.4 f8 gallona
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short tons

Section of Co.

Lkilogram

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1 metric ton > 10 quantals > 4.1 about tons

meters

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1000 cu decimeter (35.31 cu, feet

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Cubic Measure 1000 cu millimeters - 06 cu mch 1000 cu centimeters - 6) 02 cu inches

Approximate Conversion Factors

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metern

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assistant Lane

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metern	305	centimeters	inches

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454

907

1.000

914

inlet louver (fig. 4-2). Slide return air filter from retaining clips on louver.

c. Cleaning and Inspection. Clean and inspect air filter as follows:

WARNING

Dry cleaning solvent, P-D-680, used to clean parts, is potentially dangerous to personnel and property. Avoid repeated and prolonged skin contact.

Do not use near open flame or excessive heat. Flash point of solvent is 100° - 138° F (38° - 59° C).

(1) Wash filter in detergent and water solution or cleaning solvent (Fed. Spec. P-D-680). Dry

thoroughly.

- (2) Inspect filter for damage or clogged condition. Replace filter if damaged or clogged. (3) Oil filter with SAE 30 oil. Drain eight
- hours and wipe off excess oil. d. Installation. Slide filter into air inlet louver
- and secure louver to housing with eight screws and lock washers. e. Mist Eliminator Removal. Refer to figure
- 405 and remove the top front cover. Slide the mist eliminator (figure 4-2) from its holder. f. Cleaning and Inspection. Clean and inspect
- the mist eliminator as follows:

WARNING Dry cleaning solvent, P.D.680, used to

clean parts, is potentially dangerous to personnel and property. Avoid repeated and prolonged skin contact. Do not use near open flame or excessive heat. Flash point of solvent is 100° - 138° F (38° -59° C).

- (1) Wash in detergent and water solution or cleaning solvent (Fed. Sped. P-D-680). Dry thoroughly.
- (2) Inspect for damaged or clogged condition. Replace if damaged or if clogged condition is not corrected by cleaning.

4-18. **Evaporator Air Inl**

cover.

Louvers.

a. General. The evaporator a adjustable to control the amount will pass through the air condition air ventilation damper is open. T

outlet louver, mounted in front o coil, has individually adjustable bl evaporator air outlet flow.

b. Removal. Refer to figure

eight screws and lockwashers, and orator air inlet louver. Remove t' outlet filter by removing six s washers.

c. Cleaning, Inspection and F spect and repair louvers as follow

WARNING

Dry cleaning solvent, P-Dclean parts, is potentially to personnel and property peated and prolonged sk

Do not use near open flam

sive heat. Flash point of sol

(1) Clean louvers with clean Spec. P-D-680),

- 138° F (38° -59° C).

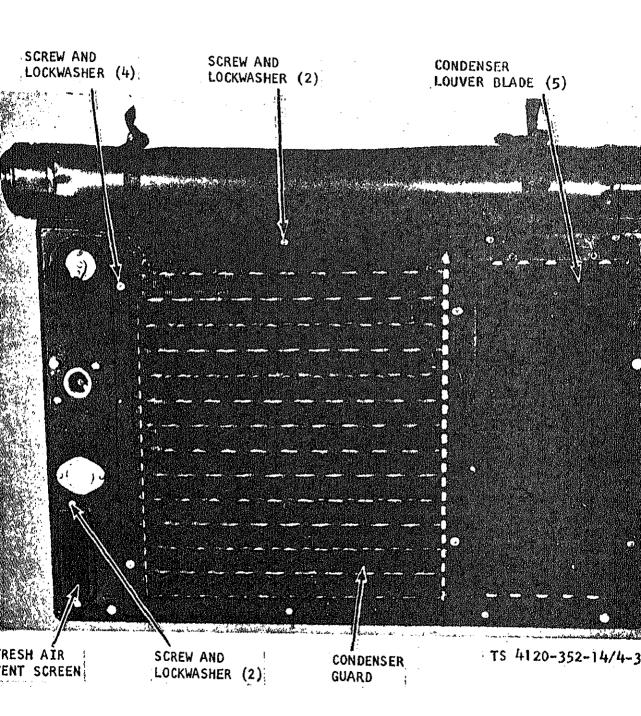
(2) Inspect for bent or brok Straighten bent blades. Replace lo

d. Installation. Refer to figur the air inlet louver, using eight washers. Install outlet louver ove ing, using six screws and lockwas

Fresh Air Screen. 4-19.

a. General. The fresh air scree ted on the rear wall of the housing

air inlet opening to prevent bug borne matter from entering the This unit is designed for use with



screws and lock washers and fresh air screen. roter to figure 4.5. Remove two WARNING

Dry cleaning solvent, P-D-680, used to clean parts, is potentially dangerous to personnel and property. Avoid repeated and prolonged skin contact. Do not use near open flame or excessive heat. Flash point of solvent is 100° - 138° F (38° -59° C).

c. Cleaning and Inspection. Clean the screen in cleaning solvent (Fed. Spec. P-D-680). Replace

the screen if damaged or broken. d. Installation. Refer to figure 4-3 and install

the screen and two screws and lockwashers. 4.20 Condenser Guard and Louver.

a. General. The conedenser guard (fig. 4-3), located at the rear of the air conditioner, is an expanded metal guard that protects the condenser coil

from damage. The condenser air discharge louver is opened and closed automatically by an actuator cylinder in the refrigeration system. A push-pull control assembly connects the louver and cylinder.

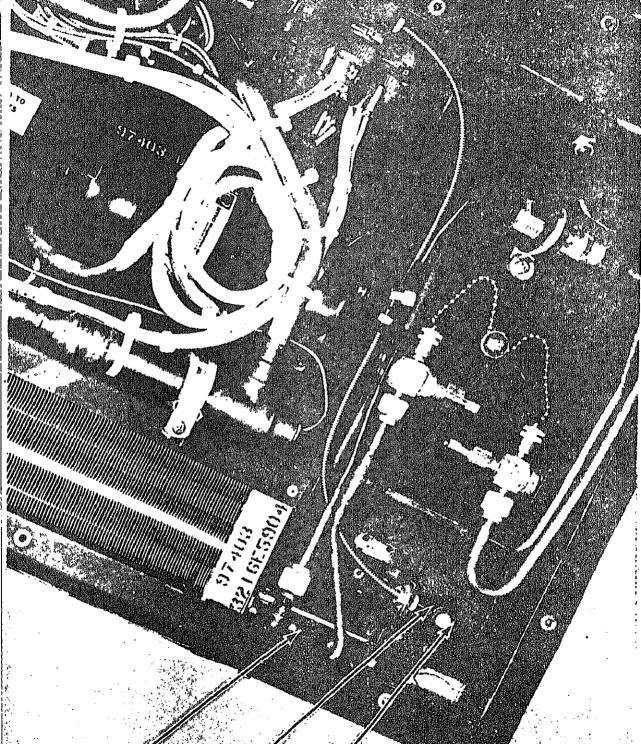
b. Cleaning and Inspection. The guard can be

cleaned with a bristle brush without removing the

with a dry cloth. Inspect louver blades for be dition or damaged rubber strips. Inspect gu bent or broken condition. c. Condenser Guard Removal and In tion. Refer to figure 4-3 and remove and condenser guard as follows: (1) Remove two screws and lockwasher

guard from the air conditioner or the guard removed and washed thoroughly. Clean the

- top and bottom of guard.
- (2) Remove four screws and lockwashe secure guard to condenser coil. Remove guar
- (3) Install guard and six screws and washers previously removed.
- d. Replacement of Louver Blades. Indi condenser louver blades (fig. 4-3) are fl enough for removal. Remove damaged blades
- (1) Remove rear cover as described in graph 4-21. (2) Remove push-on type nut (fig. 4-4)
- louver blades to be removed. Flex blade to re ends from bearings and remove blade.
- (3) Flex new blade in same manner as i moval and install ends in bearings. (4) Install push-on nut.



Condenser Louver Control Adjustment. To adjust the louver control with refrigerant in the system, proceed as follows:

(1) Turn off air conditioner and wait four

hours or until air conditioner is uniformly at ambient temperature. (2) Loosen mechanical post screw (fig. 4-4).

Close condenser louvers, pull wire tight and tighten

mechanical post screw. Louvers must be tightly closed when air conditioner is off. 4-21.

Housing Covers.

a. General. The top of the housing is enclosed by front, center and rear covers. The rear cover has an access opening over the charging valves. This

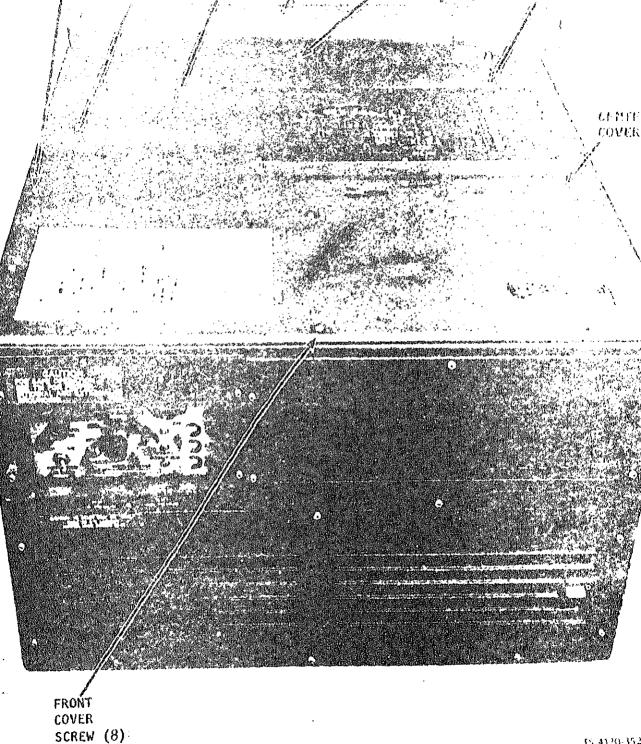
opening is coved by an access cove operation. A canvas cover, mounted er, is used to cover the condenser an ings when the air conditioner is no b. Removal.

(1) To remove front cover, screws (fig. 4-5) and remove front c (2) To remove access cover (fi

four screws and remove cover. (3) To remove rear cover (fig

three screws and lockwashers and denser cover. Remove seven screws a

(4) The front and rear covers m before removing the center cover (fig six screws. Remove two screws sec static switch bracket to cover.



crean parts, is potentially dangerous to personnel and property. Avoid repeated and prolonged skin contact. Do not use near open flame or excessive heat. Flash point of solvent is 100° - 138° F (38° -59° C). (1) Brush off any loose dirt or goreign matter from gaskets and insulation. Wipe off tops of metal parts with a cloth dipped in cleaning solvent (Fed. Spec. P-D-680). Wash dirt from condenser cover.

(2) Inspect metal covers for distortion and

The condenser coil (fig. 1-3) and evaporator coil

require periodic cleaning to insure full air flow

through the coils and maximum heat transfer duing

operation. The evaporator drain tubes (fig. 4-6), lo-

cated under the evaporated coil in the evaporator

a. Refer to figure 4-5 and remove rear cover and

fan compartment, are connected to a drain tube in the housing. The housing drain tube terminates in the drain openings at the rear of the housing. Drain tubes must be open to prevent buildup of condensates under the evaporator coil. 4.23. Servicing Condenser Coil.

Section IX.

General.

4-22.

condenser cover.

b. Clean the surface of the condenser coil with a soft bristle brush. Blow dirt out from between the fins with compressed air. Hold nozzle of air hose at least 6 to 8 inces away from coil to avoid damaging the fins.

WARNING Compressed air is not to exceed 15 psi. Do not use steam to clean coils.

c. During cleaning inspect coil for leaks or damaged fins. If leaks or damage are evident, report condition to direct support maintenance. d. Refer to figure 4-5 and install rear cover and

Servicing Evaporator a. Refer to paragraph 4-17 and rator outlet louver and mist eliminate ure 4-5 and remove front cover. b. Clean the surface of the evapora soft bristle brush. Blow dirt out from fins with compressed air. Hold nozzle least 6 to 8 inches away from coil to av

replace loose or damaged gaskets

Replace cover if it will not form a

(4) Replace condenser cover

(1) Install thermostatic swi

(2) Install rear cover and sever

(3) Install access cover and fo (4) Install front cover and eig

d. Installation. Refer to figur

center cover and secure with two

condenser cover and three screws as

center cover and six screws.

after repair.

MAINTENANCE OF CONDENSER COIL, EVAPORATOR DRAINS

the fins.

cover as follows:

WARNING Compressed air is not to excee

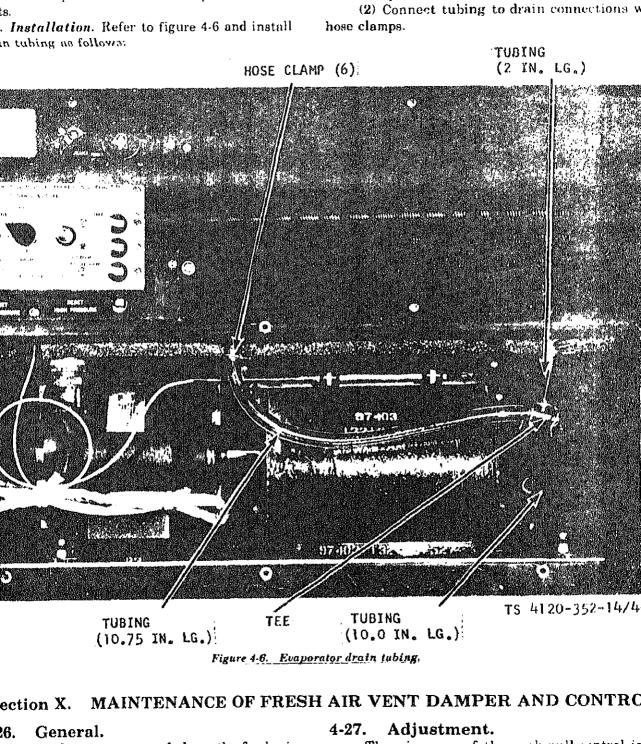
Do not use steam to clean coils c. During cleaning, inspect coil for aged fins. If leaks or damage are ev

conditions to direct support maintenar d. Refer to paragraph 4-18 and insta ver. Refer to paragraph 4-21 and instal

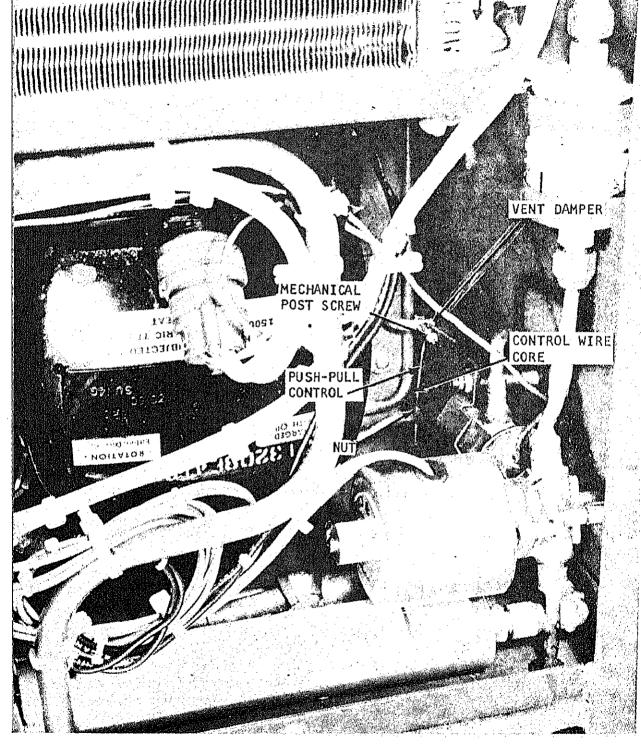
Evaporator Drain Tubi a. Removal. Refer to figure 4-6 and hose clamps, tee, and three pieces of flex b. Cleaning and Inspection. Clean

drain tubing as follows: (1) Flush out tubing and clean ou

mulation of dirt or other foreign matte Use a small diameter brush or a piece of



ene mechanical post, set the actuator or damper rod, and tighten the screw. SCREW (1) NUT (1) AND SPRING WASHE MECHANICAL POST VENT CONTROL **ACTUATOR** CONTROL WIRE T VENT CONTROL 0 SCHEW, WASHER AND NUT 1116 PUSH-PULL CONTROL within a tilda.



move vent damper as follows: (1) Loosen screw on mechanical post and disconnect push-pull control. (2) Remove two screws and lockwashers and lift vent damper from air conditioner. b. Psuh-Pull Control. Refer to figure 4-2 and remove evaporator louvers. Refer to figures 4-7 and 4-8 and remove push pull control as follows: (1) Remove screw, washer, nut, spacer, and loop clamp. (2) Loosen screw on mechanical post to free end of control wire core. (3) Remove outer nuts from both ends of conrol outer casing and remove push pull control. c. Vent Control Actuator. Refer to figure 4.7 nd remove screw, nut, two spring washers and **29**. Cleaning, Inspection and Repair. Clean, inspect and repair vent damper and con-Section XI.

on top of the damper should be parallel with front of

smoothly between the open and closed position.

Removal.

c. Check operation. The control should move

a. Vent Damper. Refer to figure 4.5 and remove the housing covers. Refer to figure 4-8 and re-

the housing.

4-28.

31.

General.

c. Push-Pull Control. Refer to figure 4-7 as 8 and install control as follows: (I) With one nut on each end of outer case of push-pull control, install ends of control thro opening in housing. Install outer nuts and in ends of wire core into mechanical post of dan and actuator. Tighten outer nuts on casing. (2) Install clamp, spacer, screw, nut, washer. (3) Refer to paragraph 4-27 and adjust control.

ation of core in casing. Inspect vent damper fo

or broken condition. Replace defective part

spect for loose or damaged rubber seal on da

Cement loose rubber or replace rubber if dan Inspec actuator for bent condition. Straighten

a. Vent Control Actuator. Refer to figur

b. Vent Damper. Refer to figure 4-8 and in

and install actuator, screw, two spring washers

vent damper in opening in housing. Secure

damper cover to housing with two screws and

ator or replace as required.

Installation.

4 - 30.

ers.

(4) Refer to figure 4-5 and install housing c (5) Refer to figure 4-2 and install evaporation inlet and outlet louvers.

MAINTENANCE OF ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

4-32. Testing and Inspecting the Elec trical System. Troubleshooting procedures for testing the ele

trical system to isolate cause of trouble are covere in paragraph 4-12. Additional detailed test info mation is contained in specific paragraphs coverin the electrical components. Use a continuity teste or multimeter set on low ohms to test for continuity Use an insulation tester or multimeter set of

higher ohm range to test for grounds between the

circuit in a component and the outside case of the

component. When testing an electrical component

check also for visual damage and in-

WARNING

The electrical system consists of the evaporator

l condenser fan motors, electric beaters and

ter thermostatic switch, junction box, control

dule, transformer, rectifier, condenser fan motor,

h-low speed thermostatic switch and connecting

nesses and wiring. Electrical assemblies and

ips of associated components are covered in sep-

Disconnect air conditioner power supply before performing maintenance work on electrical system.

a. General. The electrical circuits in the air ditioner are completed either by individual wire ds or by wire leads laced or enclosed in a loom to m a wiring harness. All of the wiring carries code

Wiring Harnesses and Leads.

33.

mbers. When testing, repairing or replacing the ing harness or individual wires, refer to the wirdiagram (1-5) and schematic diagram (1-4). b. Inspection. Inspect all wiring installation

cracked or frayed insulation material. Pay parlar attention to wires passing through holes in frame or around sharp edges. Repair or replace

ective wiring. Inspect electrical connectors and ings for damage or broken condition. Replace de-

c. Testing. Test for continuity in leads or wiring

nesses by disconnecting each end. Where wires

tive connectors and fittings.

w is restricted or stopped.

ection XII.

or plug connector. Touch the test probes of a tinuity tester, or multimeter set on low ohm ends of wire or corresponding pin of connecto continuity is not indicated, repair or replace w d. Repair. Remove insulation to expose 1/2

of bare wire on each side of break. Twist the

ends and solder the splice. Cover the splice

PVC electrical tape, making certain to cover all

repaired area. Replace broken terminal lugs

terminate in an electrical connector, discon

connector from corresponding receptacle connector

exact duplicates. To replace electrical connec unsolder wires from solder wells to inserts. In

new connector and insert ends of wires in so wells. Solder wires in place. Check connections of fully. Refer to wiring diagrams. MAINTENANCE OF HEATERS AND THERMOSTATIC SWITC

Heater Thermostatic Switch. **34.** a. General. The heater thermostatic switch, unted in a bracket under the housing center cov-

protects the air conditioner from overheating if

b. Removal. Remove the switch as follows: (1) Refer to figure 4-5 and remove housing

heating element circuit is actuated and the air

(1) to remove bracket and switch from center co

front cover.

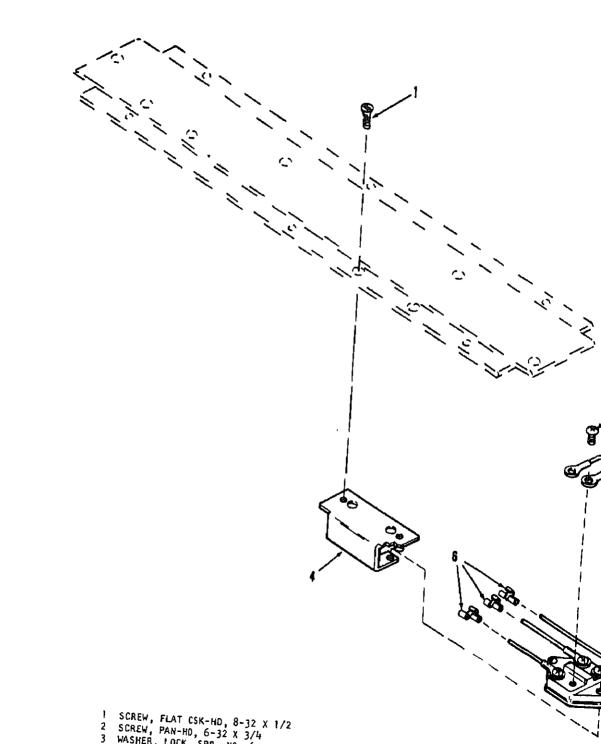
(3) Remove two screws (2) and lockwas

(3) and remove bracket (4).

(2) Refer to figure 4-9 and remove two scr

(4) Remove switch screws (5) and discon

leads (6) from thermostatic switch (7).



cumulation of dust and test as described below. (1) Test for continuity between contacts 1 and 2 and also between contacts 3 and 4. Contacts should open on temperature rise at $150 \text{ F} + 5^{\circ}$ (65.5) C + 2.25°) and close on temperature drop at 110 F + 10° (43 C + 5.5°).

quirements.

front cover.

heater thermostatic swithc.

c. Cleaning and Inspection. Wipe off any ac-

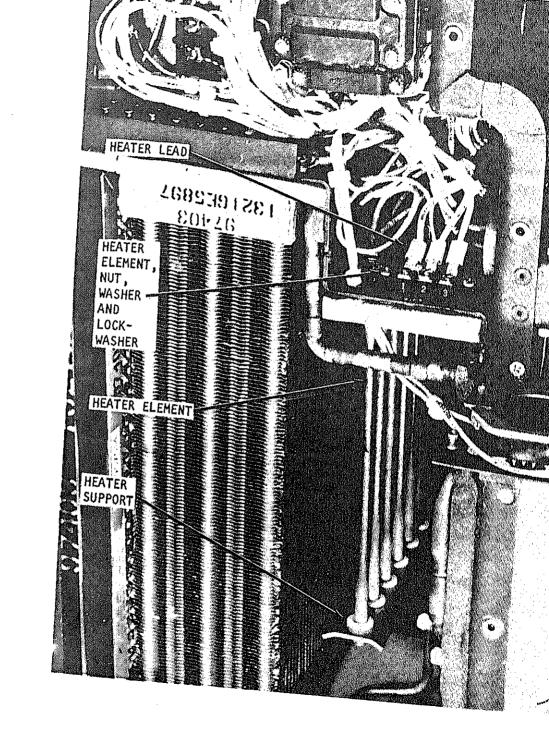
- (2) Replace switch if it fails to meet test re-
- d. Installation. Refer to figure 4-9 and install
 - (1) Refer to wiring diagram and connect leads
- (6) to switch (7) with screw (5). (2) Attach switch to bracket (4) with screws
- (2) and lockwashers (3). (3) Secure bracket to center cover with two
- screws (1). (4) Refer to figure 4-5 and install housing

- a. General. The air conditioner is equippe six heating elements, two across each phas
- element in each phase is switched out for lov A thermostatic switch cycles off and on to r
- temperature contro. b. Removal. Refer to figure 4.10 and a heater elements as follows:

Heater Elements.

- (1) Refer to figure 4-5 and remove h cover.
- (2) Disconnect leads from heaters. (3) Remove two screws, washers, an
- washers that secure heater support to housing
- support from ends of heater elements.
- (4) Remove heater element nut, locks and flat washer from each heater in turn, an

heater from bracket.



- c. Cleaning and Inspection. Wipe off all accumulated dirt from heater elements and inspect for visible damage to element or leads. Check each heater element for continuity. Replace defective heaters. Repair damaged leads.
- d. Installation. Refer to figure 4-10 and install heater elements as follows:
- (1) Insert heaters in bracket and support with an insulating washer between bracket and flange of

each heater element.

- (2) Install washer, lock washer each heater element. Secure supportscrews, washers, and lockwashers.
- (3) Refer to wiring diagram an nections to heaters.
- (4) Refer to figure 4.5 and inscovers.

Section XIII. MAINTENANCE OF FAN MOTORS

4-36. General.

The evaporator fan and condenser fan motors are identical. The evaporator fan and motor are mounted on a common base in the lower front compartment of the air conditioner. The condenser fan motor is mounted on a separate base in the rear compartment of the air conditioner.

4-37. On-Equipment Testing.

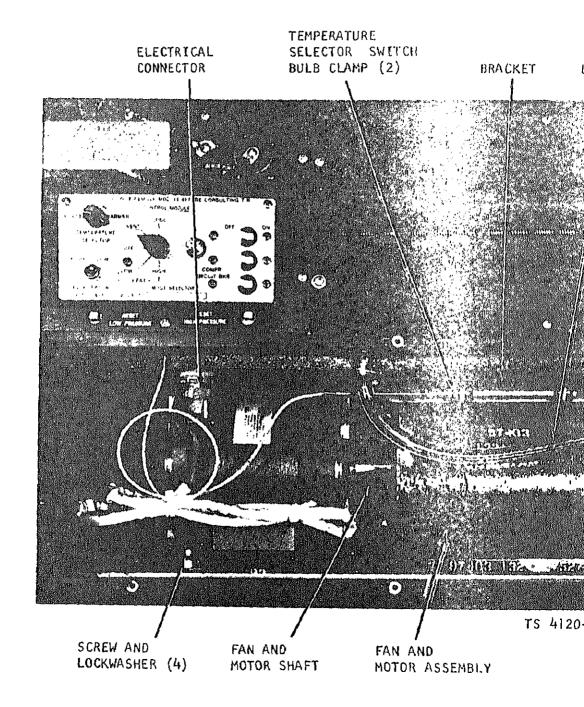
- a. Disconnect motor lead electrical connector.
- **b.** Use a multimeter and test for continuity across each combination of two motor terminals. If continuity is not indicated, the windings are open and the motor should be replaced.

- c. Place one multimeter probe again housing and the other against one of t minals. If continuity is indicated, t grounded.
 - d. Replace motor if open or ground: NOTE
 There are separate circuits through the protectors on high and low speed circuits;

protectors on high and low speed circuits; continuity across terminals in the sam Refer to wiring diagram.

4-38. Fan Motors.

a. Evaporator Fan Motor. Refer t and remove evaporator fan motor as fe



- (1) Refer to figure 4-2 and remove evaporator ir inlet louver. (2) Disconnect motor electrical connector. (3) REfer to figure 4-6 and disconnect evapoator drain tubing. (4) Remove three brackets above fan to facili-
- ate removal of fan and motor assembly. Remove
- wo screws, lockwashers and clamps. Move temerature selector bulb clear of fan.

ing fan and motor base to resilient mounts and re-

nove four cap screws and lockwashers from under-

(6) To remove motor from the assembly, re-

nove fan and motor assembly.

- (5) Remove four screws and lockwashers secu
 - ing plate to housing.

- (2) Refer to figure 4-12 and remove screws and flat washers that secure motor m
- covers.

nector. Remove wire ties as required.

remove impeller from shaft of motor.

side of base. Loosen setscrew in fan and motor

b. Condenser Fan Motor. Remove cond

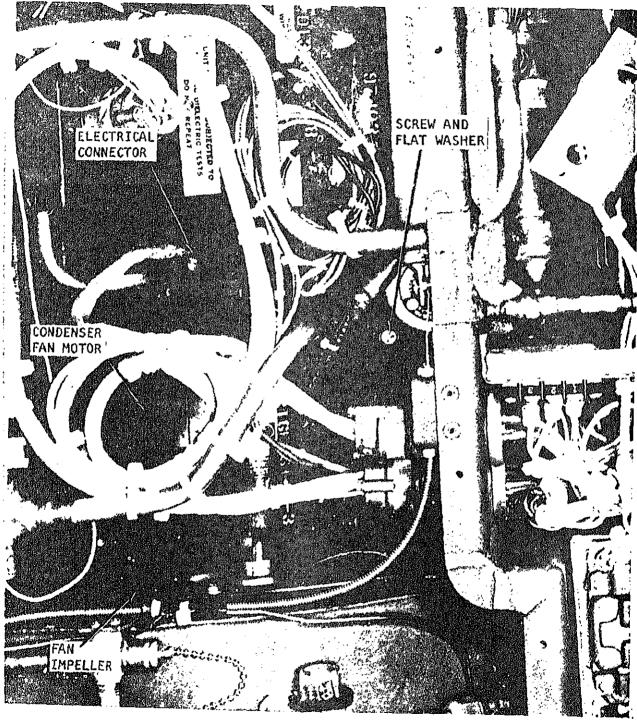
(1) Refer to figure 4-5 and remove ho

(3) Disconnect motor lead electrical

(4) Loosen setscrew in hub of fan impelle

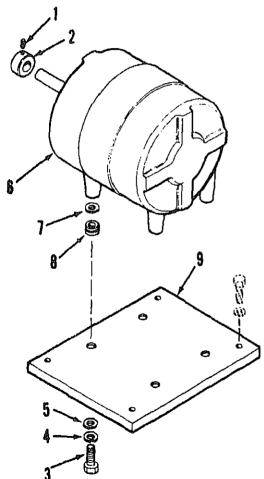
and remove motor.

fan motor as follows:



(5) Remove motor and mounting plate from conditioner. (6) Refer to figure 4-13 and remove setscrew

and collar (2) from motor shaft. Remove four cap ws (3), lockwashers (4) and flat washers (5). Ree motor (6) and four flat washers (7) from inting plate (9). Remove bushings (8) from plate if they require replacement.



- 1. Setecrew, 14.28 x 1/4 2. Collar
- 3. Screw, cap, hex-hd, 1/4-28 x 1"

c. Fan Motor Thermal Protecto. Replace

terminals. Replace protector if open.

washers previously removed.

tially remove thermal protector housing from motor by removing two screws and washers. Tag and dis connect electrical leads. Remove thermal protecto Remove other protector in the same manner.

(3) Testing. Check for continuity betwee

(4) Installation. Install thermal protector i housing and connect leads. Install thermal protect tor housing on motor and secure with screws an

is limited to testing and replacement of defective

protectors.

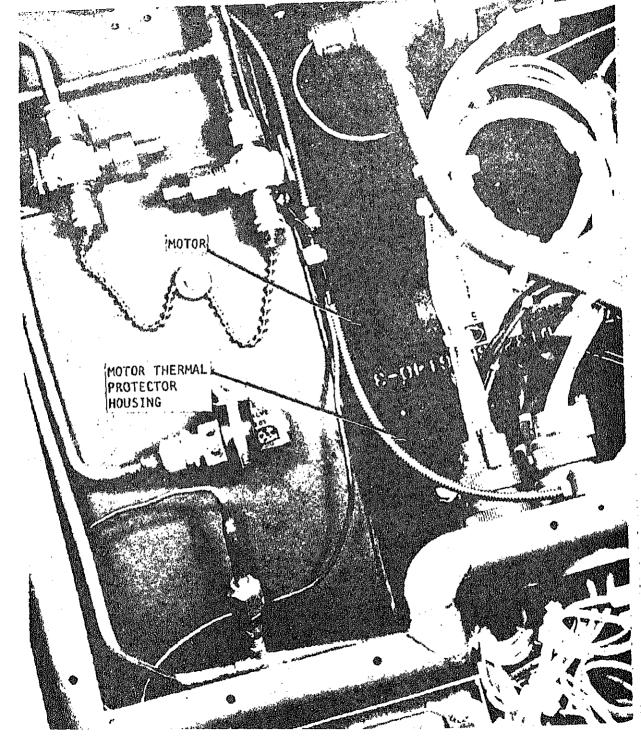
(1) General. Organizational repair of motor

ment.

thermal protectors. Instructions contained in thi

paragraph cover replacement of the motor therma (2) Removal. Refer to figure 4-14 and par

TS 4120-352-14/4-13



(1) Evaporator Fan Motor, Install evapoator fan motor as follows: (a) Set motor on fan and motor base with notor base in fan-and-motor shaft (fig. 4-11), Intall four cap screws and lockwashers through un-

d. Installation.

ator drain piping.

-39.

- erside of base to secure motor. Tighten setscrew in an-and-motor shaft.
 - (b) Install fan and motor assembly on re-
- ilient mounts and install four screws and lockashers (fig. 4-11). (c) Install brackets above fan. Install temerature selector switch bulk in clamps and secure

(d) Refer to figure 4-6 and install evapo-

(e) Connect motor electrical connector.

The evaporator fan motor speed control switch is

toggle switch which is part of the control module.

Control Switch.

- lamps with screws and lockwashers.
 - Section XIV. MAINTENANCE OF FAN MOTOR SWITCHES Evaporator Fan Motor Speed
- eplacement instructions for this switch are inluded with the control module.
- -40. Condenser Fan Motor Speed Control. a. General. The condenser fan motor speed conol thermostatic switch, located on the rear wall of
- ne housing, automatically controls the fan motor peed. The switch is normally open and closes on emperature rise between 95°F and 105°F (35°C) nd 40.6°C). When the switch contacts close the
- ondenser fan relay coil is energized and the relay nifts the fan motor circuit from low-speed to highbeed.
- b. Testing. Test the switch and connector as-

embly in the air conditioner as follows:

washers (5), and lockwashers (4). Install collar on motor shaft and install setscrew (1). (3) Install plate and motor in air conditio and slide fan impeller (fig. 4-12) on motor shaft.

rator air inlet louver.

plate as follows:

cover.

(f) Refer to figure 4-2 and install eva

e. Condenser Fan Motor. Assemble motor

(1) Refer to figure 4-13 and install bushi

(2) Place a washer (7) over each bushing :

mounting plate and install motor and mount

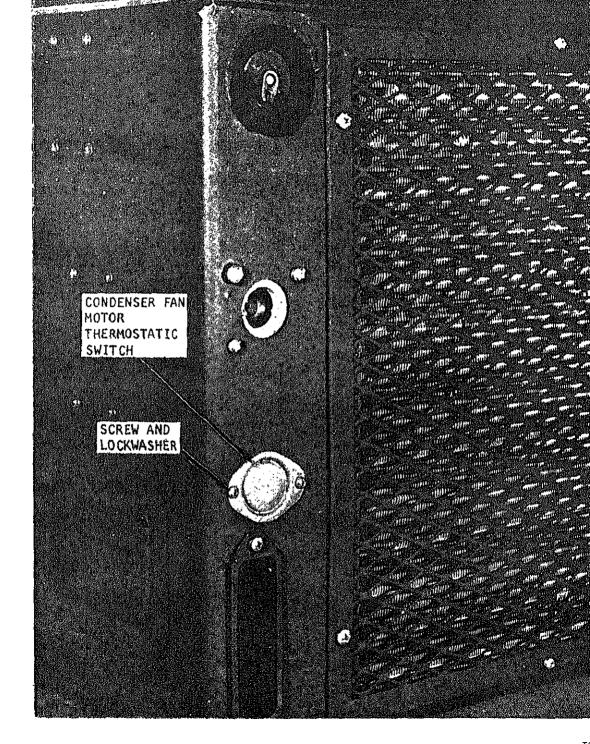
(8) in mounting plate (9) if they were removed.

set motor (6) on washers. Install four screws

- stall four screws and flat washers. (4) Connect motor electrical connector. (5) Refer to figure 4-2 and install hous
- covers.

(1) Refer to figrure 4-5 and remove rear

- (2) Disconnect electrical connector loca just below condenser motor electrical connec (fig. 4-12).
- (3) Check for continuity between terminal connector. There should be no continuity betw
- terminals when temperature is below 95°F (35) If a source of heated air is available, check closing of contacts and continuity between ter
- nals at 95°F to 105°F (35°C to 40.6°C). (4) If switch and connector assembly do meet requirements, check wiring and repair d
- aged wiring or replace switch. c. Removal. With top cover removed and e trical connector disconnected, proceed as follow
- (1) Refer to figure 4-15 and remove screws and lockwashers. Remove switch and o
- nector assembly. (2) Disconnect switch leads from connecte



- d. Installation. Install the condenser fan thermostatic switch as follows:
 - (1) Connect switch leads to connector.
- (2) Refer to figure 4-15 and install switch in opening. Secure switch with two screws and lock-

washers.

- (3) Connect electrical connector.
- (4) Refer to figure 4.5 and inscover.

Section XV. MAINTENANCE OF CONTROL MODULE

4-41. General.

The control module is located in a compartment in the junction box. All electrical connections to the control module are through plug-in type connectors permitting easy removal fo the module as a unit. The control module contains the compressor circuit breaker, temperature selector switch, mode selector rotary switch, and the evaporator fan speed toggle switch

WARNING

Disconnect air conditioner from power source before removing control module.

4-42. Control Module.

a. Removal.

ening clamp screws.

- (1) Refer to figure 4-2 and remorator air inlet louver.
- (2) Refer to figure 4-16 and disperature selector switch bulb from cla
- (3) Turn connector knob (fig. 4 clockwise until screw is disengaged an module from junction box. Careful perature selector switch bulb through sof junction box.

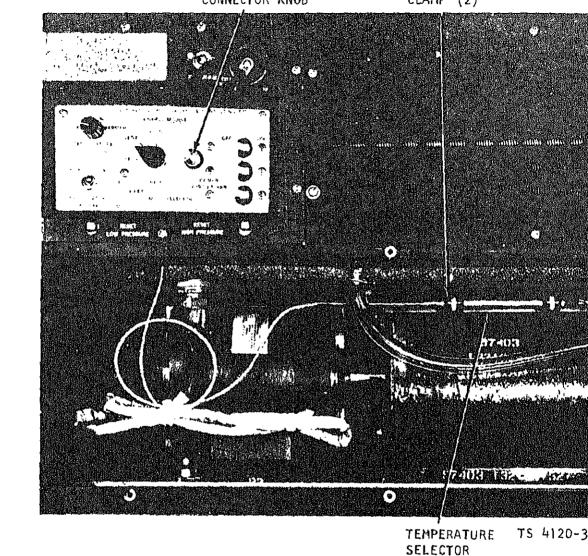


Figure 4-16. Control module connector knob and bulk mounting.

b. Testing.

(1) General. Remove four screws securing cover to frame. Remove capillary tube grommet and slide cover from module. Pull capillary tube bulb through hole in cover. To test individual components, mark and disconnect leads, and check for continuity. Refer to schematic diagram as a guide

and motor to the following udditional instruction

(4) Temperature Selector for continuity between common te

as setting becomes higher than b

terminal 2. Switch should close w drops below setting. Turn swit COOLER position. Switch shoul switch knob toward WARMER. Sy

SWITCH BULB

ule cover and mark and disconnect leads of conwasher. Remove toggle switch. to be replaced. (4) Temperature Selector Switch. Refer (2) Circuit Breaker. Refer figure 4-17 and figure 4-17 and remove nut and capillary to ove handle shaft and spacers. Remove six clamp. Remove four screws, nuts, and washers. ws and washers that secure circuit breaker to move switch knob and temperature selector switch inting plate and designation plate and remove (5) Mode Selector Rotary Switch. Refer uit breaker. switch 4-17, loosen setscrew in knob and rem-(3) Evaporator Fan Toggle Switch. Refer knob. Remove switch nut and switch.

to rigure 4-17 and remove the switch not and to

MODE **TEMPERATURE SELECTOR SELECTOR** SELECTOR DESIGNATIO SCREW AND · HANDLE CONNECTOR SWITCH **SWITCH** SWITCH PLATE WASHER SHAFT KNOB NUT KN08 KNOB MOUNTING PLATE SWITCH. NUT AND CIRCUIT LOCK-BREAKER WASHER OGGLE SWIT CH TS 4120-352-14/4-18 CLAMP MODE SCREW TEMPERATURE

c. Assembly.

(I) General. Refer to figure 4-17 and install any components that were removed. Complete the assembly as described in (6) below.

(2) Circuit Breaker. Install circuit breaker, screws and washers. Assemble handle spacers and

(3) Evaporator Fan Toggle Switch. Install toggle switch and secure to mounting plate with switch nut and lockwasher.

(4) Temperature Selector Switch, Install switch and secure with four screws, washers, and nuts Install switch knob. Install clamp on capillary tube and secure clamp with nut.

(5) Mode Selector Rotary Switch. Install switch and secure with switch nut. Install knob and tighten setscrew. (6) Control Module. After component

been installed, make all necessary elect nections. Insert capillary tube bulb through ing in cover. Install cover and mounting s stall capillary tube grommet.

d. Installation.

(1) Install temperature selector sw and tube through slot in junction box. In in clamps (fig. 4-16) and tighten screws.

(2) Install control module into jun and turn connector knob clockwise unti

tight.

(3) Refer to figure 4-2 and install e air inlet louver.

MAINTENANCE OF JUNCTION BOX Section XVI.

Junction Box. 4-43.

The junction box (Fig. 1-1) contains the time delay relay, control circuit breaker, condenser fan relay, heater relay, and the compressor motor relay.

a. Removal.

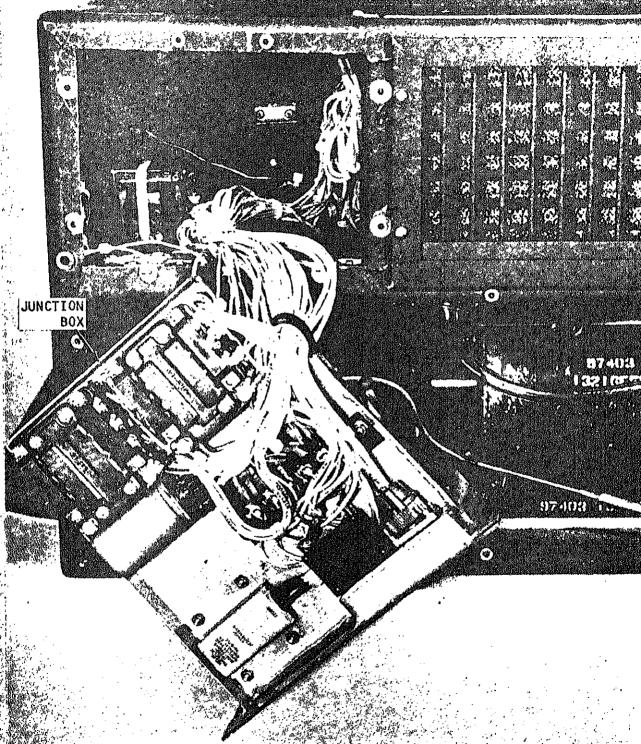
(1) Refer to figure 4.5 and remove front top cover. Refer to paragraph 4-42 and remove control module.

curing junction box to housing. Partial the junction box by pulling the box forwar

(2) Remove seven screws and lockw

of the air conditioner. See figure 4-18. St junction box to relieve strain on wiring. (3) To completely remove the junct

is necessary to disconnect all the electr and connectors.



grams and test components for continuity after disconnecting leads. Check coils of armature relays for continuity then actuate the coil with a 24-volt de source and check across contacts that should be closed according to the schedmatic diagram. Check circuit breaker in open and closed position.

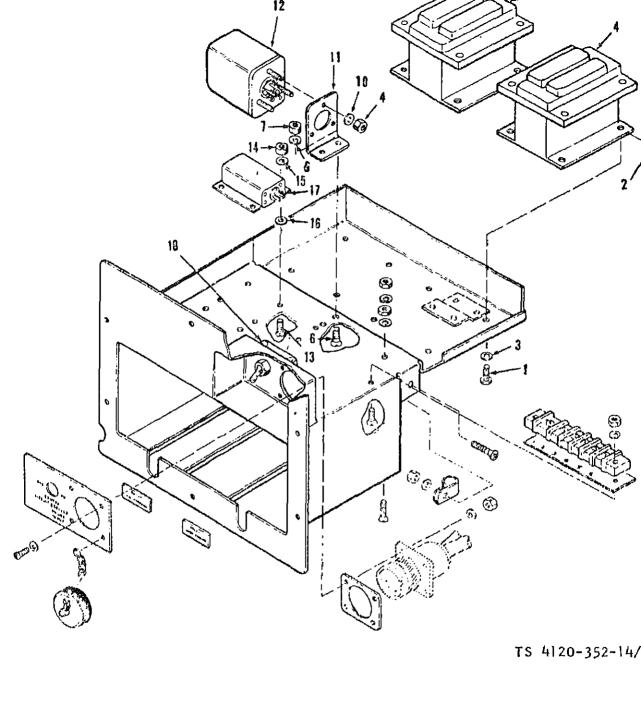
c. Disassembly.

(1) General. Disassembly is limited to replacement of individual components. Tag and dis(2) Heater and Compress

lays. To remove the heater and c relays, refer to figure 4-19 and rem lows:

(a) Remove four screws (washers (3). Remove compressor r (b) Follow same proced

heater relay (5).



1 SCREW, PAN-HD, 10-32 X 5/8
2 NUT, HEX SLFLKG, 10-32
3 WASHER, FLAT, NO. 6 (.156 ID)
11 BRACKET
12 CONDENSER FAN RELAY

- (3) Condenser Fan Relay. Refer to figure 4-19 and remove relay as follows:
- (a) Remove two screws (6), nuts (7), and flat washers (8). Remove relay and bracket from
 - iunction box. (b) Remove three nuts (9) and flat washers
 - (10) to separate bracket(11) from condenser fan
- relay (12). (4) Time-Delay Relay. To remove the time delay relay, refer to figure 4-19 and remove relay as
- follows: (a) Remove four screws (13), nuts (14), and
 - washers (15). (b) Remove relay (17) and two each of
 - washers (15) and (16). (5) Control Circuit Breaker. To remove the control circuit breaker (18, fig. 4-19), remove circuit
 - breaker to the rear of the junction box. d. Assembly.

breaker nut from front of junction box and pull

- (1) General. Refer to figure 4-19 and install any components that were removed. After installation of components, make all the necessary elec-
 - (2) Control Circuit Breaker. Install control

circuit breaker (18) through opening box with locating projection in openi

- Install breaker nut. (3) Time Delay Relay. Install relay (17) on junction box. Secure relay
- box with four screws (13), nuts (14), (15).(4) Condenser Fan Relay. Insta fan relay (12) on bracket (11) and secur
- three nuts (9) and flat washers (10). In on junction box and install two screws and washers (8).
- (5) Heater and Compressor lavs. Install heater relay (5) or compa relay (4) and secure relay with four scr-
- (2) and flat washers (3). e. Installation.
- (1) Make any electrical connection disconnected during removal.
- (2) Carefully install junction box and install seven screws and lockwash (3) Refer to paragraphs 4-42 and
- (4) Refer to figure 4-5 and inst cover.

tion box.

trol module.

Section XVII. MAINTENANCE OF TRANSFORMER, RECTIFIER, AN SURE SWITCHES

4-44. General.

trical connections.

The power transformer and rectifier reduce the power voltage and convert the alternating currect to 24-volt direct currect to operate the coils and switches in the control circuit. The transformer is rated at a secondary voltage of 30 VAC with a primary voltage of 120 VAC. The transformer and rec-

causing the compressor to stop.

tifier are located below the junction box. The high

and low pressure cutout switches are also located

below the junction box with the reset buttons ex-

- across the primary winding and then ac ondary winding. If eighter winding is the transformer.

(1) Refer to figure 4.5 and remo

(2) Disconnect leads and check for

Refer to paragraph 4.43 and partially:

- (3) Check for grounds between on each winding and transformer case as
- tending through the front of the housing. The pressure cutout switches are connected in the refrigeration system and are electrically connected in the
- control system to the compressor motor relay coil.
- Extreme high or low pressure opens the circuit
- between one primary terminal and or terminal using an insulation tester, me timeter on high ohms setting. Replace if a short or ground is indicated.
- b. Removal. With junction box rfer to figure 4-20 and remove four scre washers. Disconnect and remove trans

RECTIFIER

CAPACITOR

TRANSFORMER RESISTOR SCREW AND LOCKWASHER

a constitution

CUTOUT SWITCH

HIGH PRESSURE CUTOUT SWITCH necumer.

- a. Removal. Remove rectifier as follows:
- (1) Refer to paragraph 4.43 and remove junction box.
- (2) Refer to figure 4-20 and remove filter ca-
- pacitors. Disconnect leads.
- (3) Remove two cap screws and remove rectifier.
- b. Testing. Apply a 30 volt ac source of power across the no. 1 and 3 terminals. Check for 24 to 28 volt dc output across terminals 2 and 4. Replace rec-
- tifier if defective. c. Installation. Refer to figure 4-20 and install rectifier as follows:
 - (1) Install rectifer and two cap screws.
 - (2) Connect leads and install capacitors: the
- .056 mfd capacitor between rectifier terminals 1
- and 3; the 10,000 pfd between terminals 2 and 4. (3) Refer to paragraph 4-43 and install junc-

Section XVIII.

4-48. General.

Organizational maintenance of the compressor is limited to the inspection, testing and repair of the electrical equipment.

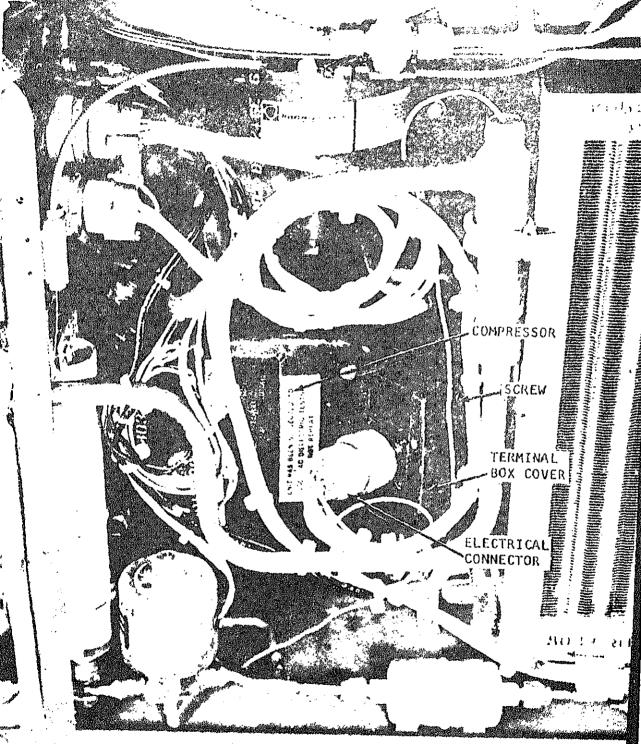
tion box.

4-47. High and Low Pressu Switches. a. General. The high and low pr

- switches cannot be removed without o frigeration syste,. Electrical tests sh with the switches installed. b. Testing. Test switches as follow
- (1) Refer to paragraph 4-43 and tion box.
- (2) Disconnect leads and test for across terminals of switch. If no conticated, press reset button and recheck.
- (3) If switch is defective, report direct support maintenance. (4) If switch is not defective, co
- and install junction box.

MAINTENANCE OF COMPRESSOR 4-49.

- Inspection, Testing and a. Refer to figure 4-5 and remove h top cover.
- b. Refer to figure 4-21 and disconnec connector.



d. If any difficulty is indicated, remove screws and terminal box cover and check for damaged wiring or loose connections. Repair damaged wiring and tighten loose connections. If this does not cor-Section XIX.

test motor.

4.50.

4.51.

nals.

MAINTENANCE OF REFRIGERATION SYSTEM

drator and receiver for damage.

stall housing rear top cover.

port maintenance.

Organizational maintenance of the refrigeration system is limited to inspection and testing of the system. Remove top covers, louvers and partilally remove junction box as required to gain access to all parts of the system. Report any deficiencies to direct support maintenance.

General.

Inspection.

a. Values. Inspect charging valves, solenoid valves, expansion valves, pressure relief valves and pressure regulating valves for cracks or damaged condition. Inspect capillary tubes for kinks or breaks. Disconnect solenoid valve electrical connectors and check for coil continuity between termi-

b. Coils. Inspect condenser and evaporator coils for bent or broken fins and for damaged conc. Louver Control Actuator. Inspect cylinder for cracks and damaged connections. Inspect control

for bent or broken conditions. d. Dehydrator and Receiver. Inspect dehy-

nections.

kinks, cracks or other damage. Inspect fitting cracks.

Check all piping, components, and connectio the refrigerant system with a General Electric

e. Install terminal box cover and scrrews. nect electrical connecotr. Refer to figure 4-5 an

e. Tubing and Fittings. Inspect tubing

Testing System for Leaks.

H-2 Halogen Test Detector unit (or approved eq The detector shall be calibrated with a Ger Electric LS-20 leak standard for approved equa a pure refrigerant leak rate of 0.1 ounce per ;

Any detected leaks exceeding this rate shall b

ported immediately to direct support mainten

for correction and recharging. WARNING

Avoid bodily contact with liquid refrigerant and avoid inhaling refrig-

erant gas. Be especially careful that refrigerant does not come in contact with the eyes. In case of refrigerant leaks, ventilate area immediately.

INSTRUCTIONS Section I. REPAIR PARTS, SPECIAL TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

ECT SUPPORT AND GENERAL SUPPORT MAINTENANCE

o tools or equipment are issued with the air tioner.

Tools and Equipment

General

Special Tools and Equipment o special tools or equipment are required for Maintenance Repair Parts

maintenance of the air conditioner.

Repair parts and equipment are listed and illus

trated in the repair parts and special tool list cov ering direct and general support maintenance for this equipment. (TM 5-4120-352-24P)

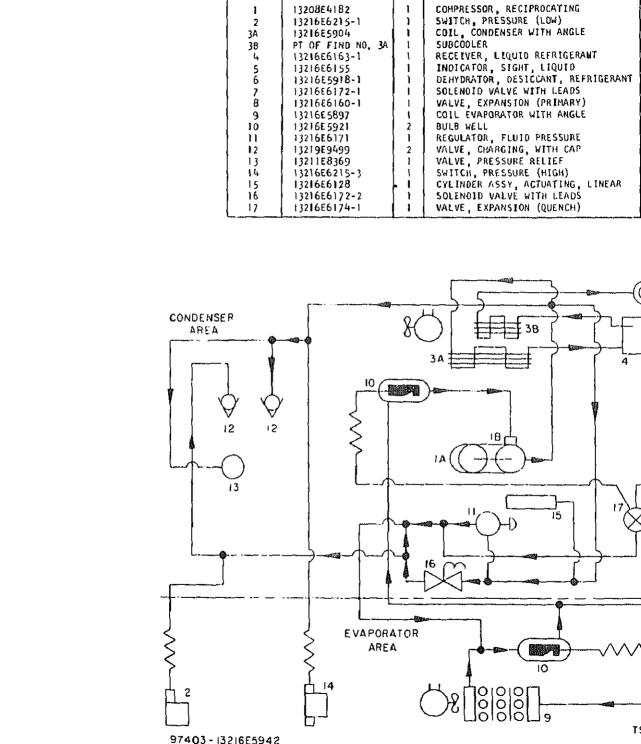
TROUBLESHOOTING

ponents. Electrical schematic and wiring diagram

nis section provides information useful in diing and correcting unsatisfactory operation or e of the air conditioner or any of its com-

Section II.

shown in figure 1-4 and 1-5 will be helpful fo checking electrical circuits. A refrigerant flow dia gram is shown in figure 5-1. System pressure tes instructions are in paragraph 6-2.



5-5. Troubleshooting Chart Troubleshooting procedures for direct and gen-

eral support maintenance are listed in table 5-1.

testing the system to determine the spec of fault or failure. The corrective active re ded follows the determination of probable

Each trouble symptom or malfunction sta

lowed by a step-by-step procedure for inspe

Replace defective circuit breaker (para 4-43).

Table 5-1. Troubleshooting

Corrective Action

Test or Inspection

Malfunction

COMPRESSOR WILL NOT START

Step 1.

Test for an open-circuit condition in the control circuit by means of a continuity check.

Replace component or wire causing open circuit (para 4-12).

Sten 2. Test circuit breaker for defective operation.

Step 3. Check to see if high or low pressure cutout switch is defective. Replace defective switch (para 5-21).

Step 4. Check to see if compressor motor or thermal protectors are defective. Replace compressor (para 5-17).

2. COMPRESSOR STARTS BUT IMMEDIATELY STOPS

Step 1.

Check to see if thermal protector or circuit breaker is tripped. Reset circuit brenker, or allow thermal protector to cool and reset. If condition repe compressor (para 5-17).

LITTLE OR NO HEATING CAPACITY.

Step 1. Check for loose electrical connections or faculty wiring. Repair or replace wiring as necessary (para 4-33).

Test mode selector switch and temperature selector for faulty closure in heat control circuit. Step 2. Replace defective switch (para 4-42). Step 3. Test heater relay for faulty contact closure.

Ronlace defective relay (para 4-43)

Malfunction

Test or Inspection

Corrective Action

4. INSUFFICIENT COOLING

Step 1. Test for low refrigerant charge.

Add refrigerant (para 6-3).

Step 2. Check for indications of a clogged dehydrator.
Replace clogged dehydrator (para 4-43).

Step 3. Check for indications of a defective pressure regulator valve.

Replace defective valve (pera 5-30).

Step 4. Check for indications of air in system.

Purge and charge system (fig. 6-1).

Step 5. Check for indications of a defective thermal expansion valve. Replace defective valve (para 5-28).

Step 6. Check for indications of defective solenoid valve.
Replace defective solenoid valve (para 5-27).

Step 7. Check for indications of defective quench valve.

Replace defective valve (para 5-29).

5. LOW SUCTION PRESSURE

Step 1. Check for indications of a clogged dehydrator.

Replace clogged dehydrator (para 5-24).

Step 2. Check for indications of a defective thermal expansion valve.

Replace defective valve (para 5-28).

Step 3. Check for indications of a defective quench valve.

Replace defective valve (para 5-29).

6. LOW DISCHARGE PRESSURE

Step 1. Check to see if compressor is not pumping due to defect.

Replace defective compressor (para 5-17).

Step 2. Check to see if HIGH LOW condenser fan thermostatic switch is defective.

Replace defective switch (para 4.39).

Table 5-1. Troubleshooting (cont'd)

LOW SUC	TION AND DISCHARGE PRESSURE
Sten 1	Check for low rufrigerant charge by inspecting

Corrective Action

Check for low refrigerant charge by inspecting sight glass for bubbles or milky appearances. Also check sys

for leaks Repair leaks and add refrigerant as necessary.

Check for indications of defective thermal expansion valve.

Replace valve (para 5-28). Check for indications of defective quench valve.

Replace valve (para 5-29).

Replace valve (para 5-28).

HIGH SUCTION PRESSURE

[alfunction

Step 2.

Step 3.

Test or Inspection

Check for indications of defective thermal expansion valve. Step 1.

Step 2. Check for indications of defective quench valve. Replace valve (para 5.29).

HIGH HEAD PRESSURE

Step 1. Check to see if condenser coil is dirty. Clean coil.

Check condenser coil temperature gradient for indications of refrigorant overcharge Step 2.

Step 3. Inspect or test condenser fan motor for defective operation. Repair motor (para 6-8).

Inspect condenser louvers and actuating mechanism for correct adjustment and proper operation. Step 4. Adjust and clean as necessary. Replace inoperative components (para 5-20).

Check for indications of defective quench valve. Step 5.

Replace defective valve (para 5-29). Step 6. Check to see if the compressor is defective.

Replace defective compressor (para 5-17).

Discharge refrigerant (fig. 8-1) while observing head pressure and sight glass.

- This section contains general repair instructions which would otherwise have to be receated several times.
- 5-7. Refrigeration System.

 a. Opening System. When the refrigeration system must undergo maintenance that requires

5-6. General.

- he system to be opened for removal of parts, the system must first be discharged and purged (para 6-1). After the repair has been made and all soldering
- ompleted, the system must be charged (para 6-3) and tested for leaks.

 b. Removal of parts. It may be necessary to remove some tubing and fittings along with a part
- hat is to be replaced. The tubing and fittings can then be removed from the defective part and installed in the new part. Care should be exercised in pening joints or resoldering to prevent damage to
- ther parts of the air conditioner.

 c. Brazing. Braze copper-to-copper joints with silver solder type 3, 4 or 6A specification QQ-S-561 and copper-to-brass or copper-to-steel with type 4 or 6A specification QQ-S-561 per MIL-B-7883. Solder

nelting point is 1160°F (625°C). All brazed or sol-

lered joints shall be made with an atmosphere of

- nert gas to prevent internal oxidation.

 5-8. Insulation and Gaskets.

 Replace damaged insulation and gaskets. Ce-
- ment loose insulation.

 5-9. Hardware.
- Replace any damaged screw, washers, lock vashers or nuts. Use screws of correct length to rold parts securely. In some applications screws hat are too long may hit bottom before the head is light against part it is to hold or may cause damage

o the threads or other parts.

5-10. Shims. Be sure to remove all shims where used. Ke shims together and identify them as to location.

5-11. Repairing Damaged Threads.

Damaged threads should be repaired by use of

thread restorer or by chasing in a lathe. Interr threads should be repaired with a tap of the corre size. If threads cannot be satisfactorily repaired, a place the part.

5-12. Repair of Damaged Machine and Polished Surfaces. Smooth rough spots, scores, burrs, galling, a

gouges from damaged machined and polished so faces so that part will efficiently perform its norm function. The finish of the repaired part is to a proximately that of the original finish. In performing any of these operations, critical dimension must not be altered.

5-13. Removal of Rust or Corrosion. Remove corrosion from all parts of material.

remove rust or corrosion, use wire brush, abrasicloth, sand blast, vapor blast equipment, or rust mover except on highly polished surfaces. On the surfaces, buffing or the use of the use of crocus clo

5-14. Tubes and Fittings.

Check tubes and fittings for cracked or sp condition. Check tubing for kinks. Replace defect fittings. Replace damaged tubing with tubing same size. Take care in making bends in tubing prevent kinking of tubing. All tubing and fitting

5-15. Valves.

installation.

tubes.

is recommended.

Valves and other parts should be handled cafully to prevent damage. Capillary tubes must handled very carefully to prevent kinking of

must be completely clean on inside prior

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION OF MAJOR COMPONENTS A Section IV. ASSEMBLIES

5-17.

5-16. General.

the refrigeration system.

This section covers removal of all major assemblies of the air conditioner which are the responsibility of the direct support and general support maintenance. The refrigerant piping and valves cannot be removed as a unit and only those parts that require replacement should be removed. Removal and installation instructions for individual valves and other components of the refrigeration system are contained in this section. Refer

to paragraph 5.7 before performing maintenance on

- General. The compressor is a self-cont
- hermetically sealed unit and cannot be repair

 - b. Removal. Remove compressor as follow

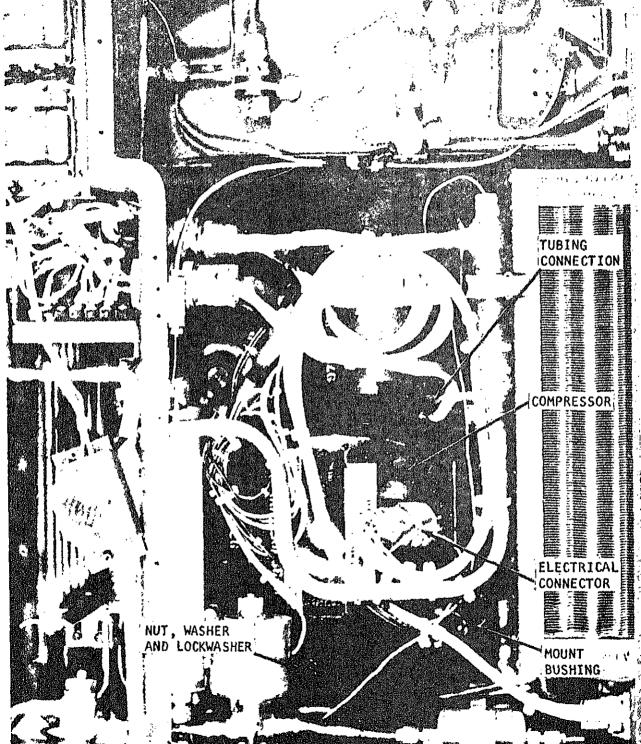
Compressor.

- (1) Refer to paragraph 6-3 and discharg refrigerant system.
 - (2) Refer to figure 4-5 and remove top co (3) Refer to figure 5-2 and disconnect

(5) Remove four screws, washers, lock

- trical connector.
- (4) Disconnect tubing as required to p removal of compressor.

ers and compressor mount bushings.



(6) Lift compressor from air conditioner.

CAUTION

If compressor is being replaced because of a motor burnout, decontaminate system as instructed in paragraph 6-5. Failure of the replacement compressor will result if all the contaminants are not removed.

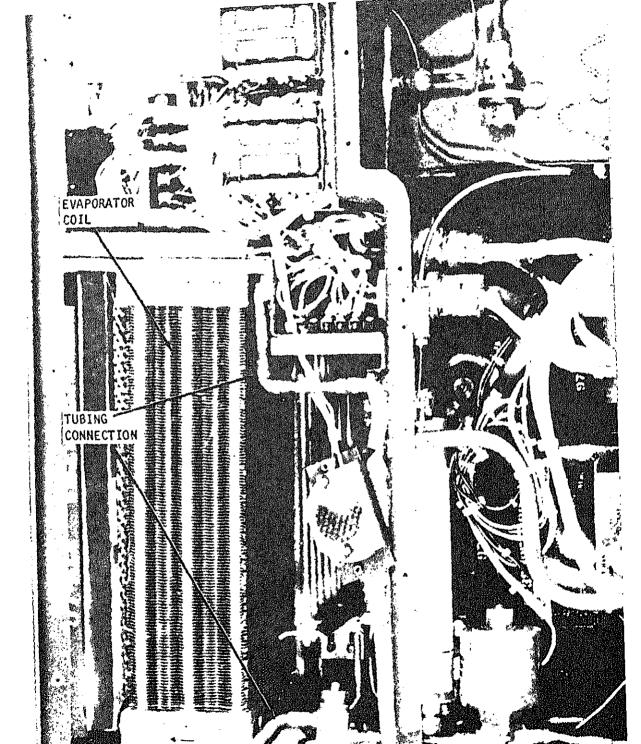
- c. Installation. Refer to figure 5.2 and install compressor as follows:
- (1) Place compressor on mounts and install four compressor mount bushings. Secure compressor with four screws, washers and lock washers.
 - (2) Connect tubing.
 - (3) Connect electrical connector.

- (4) Refer to figure 4.5 and install hou covers.
- (5) Refer to paragraph 6-3 and discharefrigerant system.

5-18. Evaporator Coil and Mist nator Holder.

- a. Removal. Remove the evaporator
- mist eliminator holder as follows:
 (1) Refer to paragraph 6-3 and discharged
- refrigerant system.
 (2) Refer to figure 4-5 and remove hou
- covers.
 (3) Refer to figure 4-2 and remove ever
- air outlet louvers and mist eliminator.

 (4) Refer to figure 5-3 and disconnection evaporator coil.
- (5) Remove six screws, washers, a washers and lift evaporator coil and angle; a eliminator holder, from air conditioner.



Installation. Install evaporator coil and eliminator holder as follows: (1) Install coil and mist eliminator holder in

- conditioner and secure to brackets with six vs, washers, and lock washers. The lower four
- ws, washers and lockwashers attach both the and mist eliminator holder; the upper two hold oil only. (2) Connect tubing to coil. (3) Refer to figure 4-2 and install evaporator
- utlet louver. (4) Refer to figure 4.5 and install housing top
- (5) Refer to figure 6.2 and charge the refrigt system.

 - Condenser Coil. Removal. Remove condenser coil as follows:

- frigerant system.
- (2) Refer to figure 4.5 and remove housing top covers.
- (3) Refer to figure 5-4 and remove screw that secures bulb well loop clamp to condenser coil angle.

(1) Refer to figure 6-1 and discharge the re-

- (4) Disconnect tubing from condenser coil and
- remove other tubing and fittings as required. (5) Refer to figure 4-3 and remove condenser
- guard. (6) Remove four countersunk-head screws
- that secure coil to base of housing. (7) Remove coil from air conditioner. Use care
- when removing coil to prevent damage to coils and fins.
- (8) To remove angle from coil, grind off four rivets.

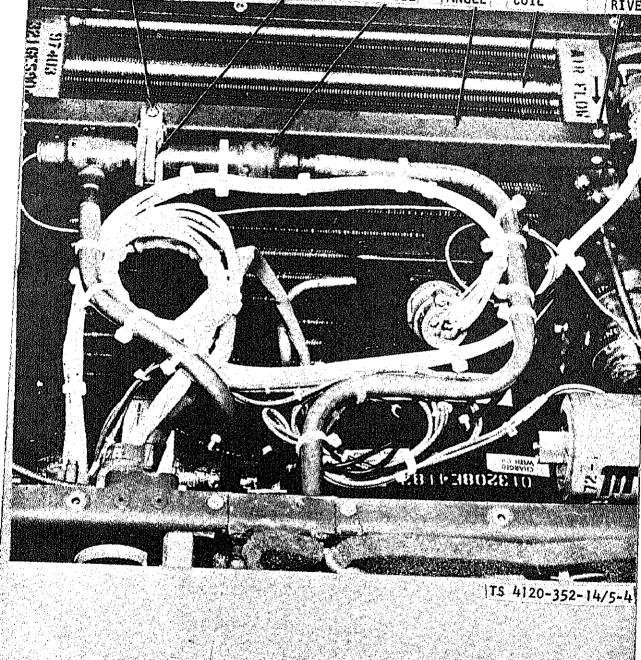


Figure 5-4. Condenser coil, removal and installation.

(1) If angle was removed from condenser, rivet angle to coil with four blind rivets. (2) Be sure sheet spring nuts are in place on pottom of coil. Position coil in air conditioner and

b. Installation. Install condenser coil as fol-

owa:

- install four countersunk-head screws from underside of housing. (3) Refer to figure 4.3 and install condenser
- zuard. (4) Connect tubing to condenser and install any other tubes and fittings that
- (5) Attach bulb well clamp to angle with crew.
- (6) Refer to figure 4.5 and install housing top covers.
- (1) Refer to figure 6-1 and discharge th frigerant system.
- a. Removal. Remove actuator and push control as follows:

Control.

erant system.

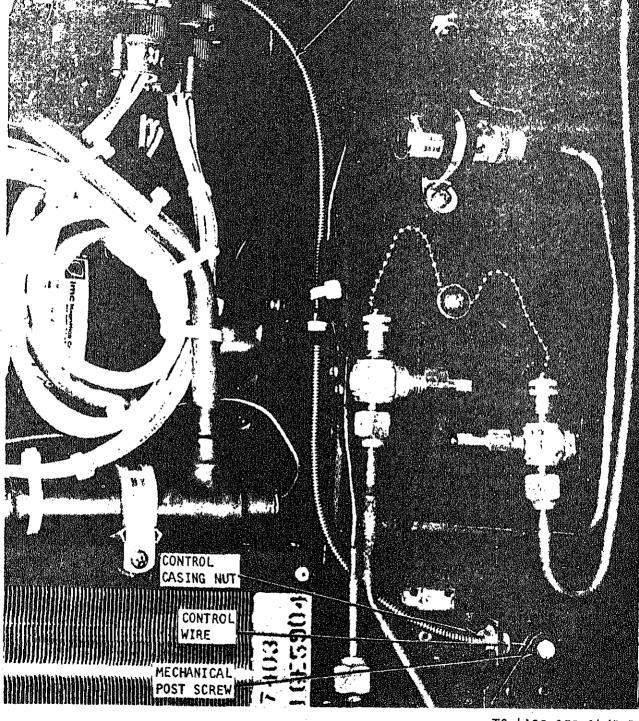
5-20.

(2) Refer to figure 4-5 and remove how

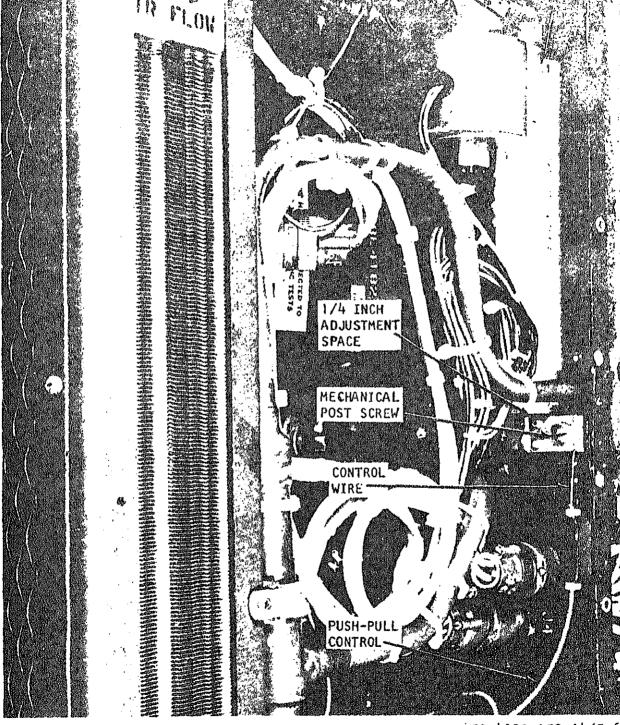
(7) Refer to figure 6-2 and charge the re-

Condenser Louver Actuator

- covers. (3) Refer to figures 5-5 and 5-6 and looses chanical post screws to loosen control wire.



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TS 4120-352-14/5-6

(5) Remove control casing outer nuts at each end and remove push-pull control. (6) Disconnect elbow swivel nut from end of ectuator cylinder.

(4) Remove screw, lock washer and loop

lamp.

- (7) Remove two nuts and lock washers from evaporator side of partition and remove actuator vlinder.
- b. Installation. Install actuator cylinder and ontrol as follows: (1) Install actuator cylinder (fig. 5-6) with
- tude through openings in partition. Install lock vashers and nuts on studs. (2) Connect elbow swivel nut.
- (3) Install push-pull control. Place outer conrol casing nuts (fig. 5-5) over wire and insert wire nds into openings in mechanical posts on louver
 - (4) Install control easing nuts on casing to
- ever and actuator cylinders.

 - (5) Adjust control as described in c below.
- old control in position. Install loop clamp, screw, nd lock washer.
 - c. Adjustment. Before system is charged, ad-

ust louver push-pull control as follows:

mechanical post screw. (3) Refer to figure 4-5 and install housing t covers. (4) Refer to figure 6.2 and charge the refri

mechanical post to lock wire on that end.

(1) Close louver blades and tighten screw

(2) Extend actuator rod until there is a 1

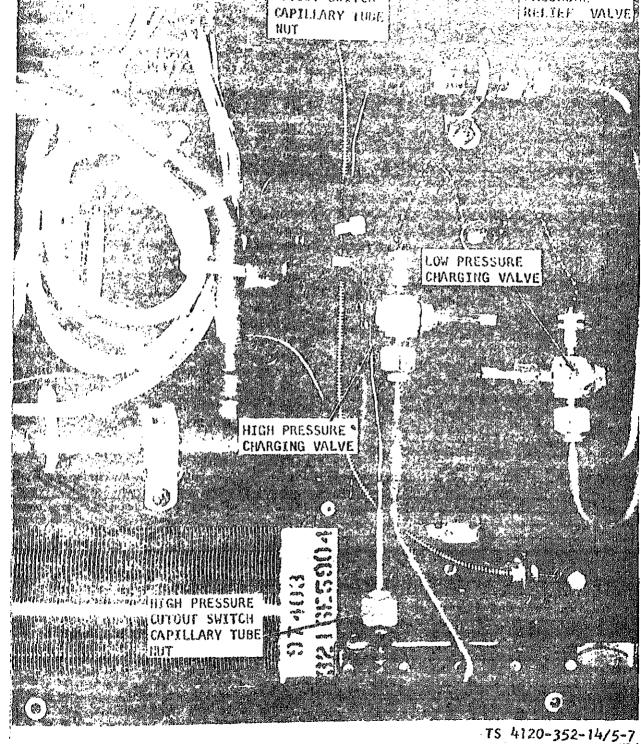
inch space between inner edge of mechanical po

bracket and the face of the cylinder. Tighten t

- erant system. Pressure Switches.
- a. Removal. Remove pressure cutout switch (fig. 4-20) as follows:
- (1) Refer to figure 6-1 and discharge the r

tubes through partition.

- frigeration system. (2) Refer to paragraph 4-43 and remove jur
- tion box. Disconnect electrical leads. Refer to figu 4-5 and remove housing rear and center top cover
- (3) Remove two mounting screws and lowashers from each switch.
- (4) Refer to figure 5-7 and disconnect cap lary tube nuts. Remove grommet and pull capilla



- o. instattation, install high and low pressure cutout switches as follows: (1) Insert capillary tube ends through partition and install grommet (fig. 5-7). Connect capilary tube nuts to fittings.
- (2) Install switches (fig. 4-20) and secure each with two acrews and lock washers.
- (3) Make electrical connections to switches. (4) Refer to paragraph 4-43 and install junc-
- tion box. Refer to paragraph 4-21 and install hous-
- ing top cover.
- (5) Refer to figure 6.2 and charge the refrigerant system.
- Service Valves. 5-22. Removal. Refer to figure 6-1 and discharge the refrigerant system. Remove housing rear top
- covers (figures 4.5). Detach valve cap chain by removing a screw, lockwasher and flat washers. Re-
- move valve by removing two base mounting screws. b. Installation. Mount valve to bracket, using
- two screws. Affix loops in cap chains to housing with a screw, lockwasher and two flat washers. Con-
- nect valves to refrigerant lines by tightening flare nuts. Refer to figure 4-5 and install housing rear top cover. Refer to figure 6-2 and charge the refrigerant aystem.

- relief valve from adapter. b. Installation. Install pressure relief value (fig. 5.7) in adapter. Install loop clamp on valve as
 - secure clamp with screw and lockwasher. Insta housing top cover (fig. 4-5). Refer to paragraph 6
 - and charge the refrigerant system. Dehydrator. 5-24.
 - a. General. The dehydrator is to be replace whenever the refrigeration system is opened f
 - maintenance.
 - b. Removal. Refer to figure 6-1 and dischar
 - the refrigerant system. Refer to figure 4.5 and r
 - move housing rear top cover. Refer to figure 5-8 as remove four screws and two straps. Disconnect as remove dehydrator.

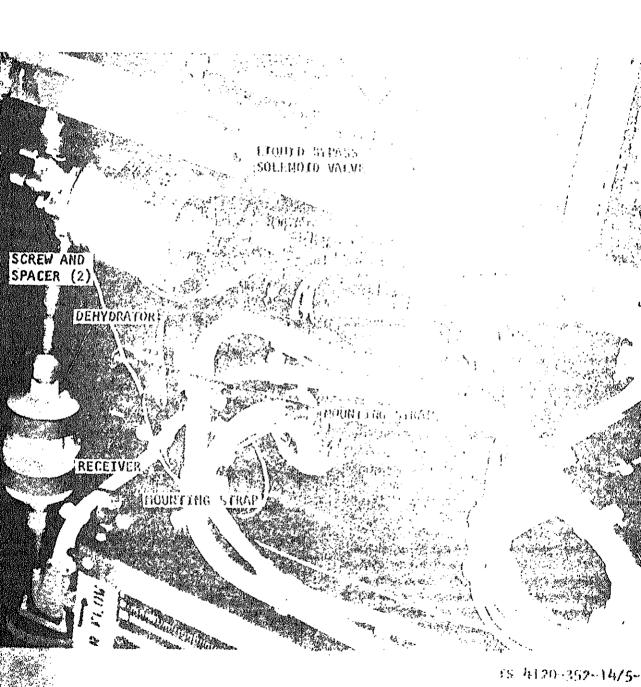
I I COOKI C BUCKET V WATER a. Removal. Refer to figure 6-1 and discharge

the refrigerant system. Refer to figure 4-5 and r

move housing top covers. Remove screw, loc

washer, and loop clamp (fig. 5-7). Remove pressur

- c. Installation. Connect dehydrator to tubir Install two straps and four screws. Use sealing con
 - pound on screw threads. Install rear top cover (fi ure 4-5). Refer to figure 6-2 and charge the refri
 - erant system.



i-25. Receiver. a. Removal. Refer to figure 6-1 and discharge he refrigerant system. Refer to figure 4-5 and renove rear top cover. Remove four screws and two nounting straps (fig. 5-8). Disconnect receiver ubing. Installation. Install receiver and solder h. onnections. Install two mounting straps and four crews using sealing compound on screw threads. lefer to figure 6.2 and charge the refrigerant vstem. i-26. Liquid Sight Indicator. Removal. Refer to figure 6-1 and discharge a. he refrigerant system. Remove housing rear top over (figure 4.5). Remove two screws and lockvashers from sides of liquid sight indicator (fig. 1-

ubing.

ystem.

-27.

liaphragm.

2) and remove mounting bracket (fig. 5-8) from inide housing. Unsolder liquid sight indicator from b. Installation. Solder liquid sight indicator n tubing. Place bracket over indicator on inside of lousing and secure with two screws and lockvashers. Install housing top rear cover (figure 4-5). Refer to figure 6-2 and charge the refrigerant Solenoid Valves. a. Removal. Removal procedures for the byeass solenoid valve and the equalizer solenoid valve re the same except for the mounting hardware.

rigerant system. (2) Refer to figure 4-5 and remove housing ear top cover. (3) Disconnect solenoid valve electrical conector. (4) Remove two socket-head cap screws from inderside of valve body and carefully remove bon-

(1) Refer to figure 6-1 and discharge the re-

et assembly. Do not drop plunger. Remove

b. Removal. Remove the thermal expansi valve as follows:

frigerant system.

(2) Remove housing top covers (figure 4.5)

move bulb from well. Take care to prevent dama

(5) To remove liquid bypass solenoid val-(figure 5-8), remove two screws and spacers and u solder valve body from tubing. Remove bushings. (6) To remove equalizer solenoid valve, r move two screws and lockwashers that secure val

CAUTION

Remove bonnet assembly and di-

aphragm before applying heat to

valve body.

lows:

body to bracket. Unsolder valve body and remo bushings. b. Installation. Install solenoid valves as for (1) Install bushings in valve body and sold

body on tubing. (2) When installing equalizer solenoid val body, secure body to bracket with two screws as

lockwashers installed from underside of brack into valve body. (3) When installing liquid bypass soleno

valve body, install spacers between body and hou ing and install two screws from outside of housin (4) Place diaphragm in the body with the pil port extension away from body. Hold plunger wi

synthetic seat against pilot port. Make sure pr formed packings are in place and lower bonnet a

(5) Connect electrical connector. (6) Refer to figure 4.5 and install housing re top cover. (7) Refer to figure 6-2 and charge the refri

sembly over plunger. Install body screws.

erant system. 5-28. Thermal Expansion Valve.

General. The main thermal expansion val is hermetically sealed and cannot be repaired.

(1) Refer to figure 6-1 and discharge the

(3) Soften mastic in bulb well (fig. 5-9) and

to capillary tube. (4) Unsolder thermal expansion valve from



c. Installation. Install thermal xpansion
valve (fig. 5-9) as follows:
(1) Solder valve to tubing.
(2) Insert approximately one ounce of thermal
mastic in bulb well. Insert sensing bulb of expan-
sion valve and move bulb back and forth to distrib-

ute mastic and set bulb approximately one inch be-

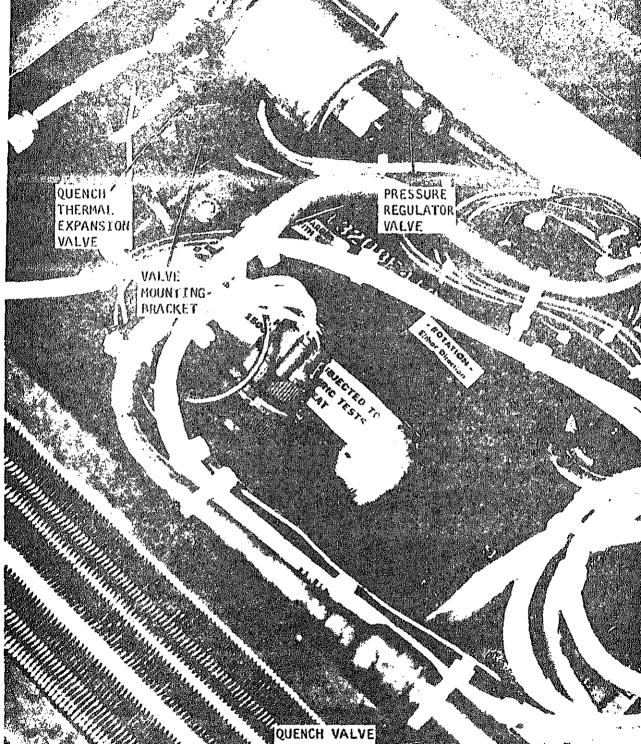
(3) Install housing top covers (figure 4.5).

(4) Refer to figure 6-2 and charge the refrig-

yond open end.

erant system.

- 5-29. Quench Thermal Exp Valve. a. General. The quench thermal e
- valve is hermetically sealed and cannot be b. Removal. Remove the quench val lows:
- (1) Refer to figure 6-1 and discharge grigerant system. (2) Remove housing rear top cover
- 5).
- (3) Soften matic in bulb well (fig. 5-1 move bulb from well. Take care to prever
- to capillary tube. (4) Remove two screws, spacers, se nuts and valve mounting brackets.
 - (5) Unsolder valve from tubing.



- (2) Install mounting brackets and two screws, b. Installation. Solder pressure regula valve (figure 5-10) on tubing and install loop cla spacers and self-locking nuts. spacer, screw and lockwasher. Install housing (3) Insert approximately one ounce of thermal covers (figure 4-5). Refer to figure 6-2 and che mastic in bulb well. Insert sensing bulb of expansion valve and move bulb back and forth to distribthe refrigerant system. ute mastic and set bulb approximately one inch beyond open end. **5**-31. Motors. (4) Install housing rear top cover (figure 4-5). Refer to paragraph 4-38 for removal and ins
- (5) Refer to figure 64 and charge the refrigerant system.

c. Installation. Install the quench thermal ex-

pansion valve (fig. 5-10) as follows:

(1) Solder valve to tubing.

- Pressure Regualtor Valve. **5-30.** a. Removal. Refer to figure 6-1 and discharge
- the refrigerant system. Remove-housing top covers
- $5 \cdot 32$.

lation of motors.

sure regulator from tubing.

Control Module. Refer to paragraph 4.42 for removal and ins lation of control module.

(figure 4.5). Refer to figure 5.10 and remove so lockwasher, loop clamp and spacer. Unsolder p

CHAPTER 6 REPAIR INSTRUCTIONS

Section I. REFRIGERATION SYSTEM

1. General

The refrigerant system illustrated by the refrigant flow diagram (fig. 5-1), is a mechanical, vapor cle type circuit consisting of the evaporator, theral expansion valve, motor-compressor, condenser, and the necessary valves and cutout devices for aumatic control during operation. The thermal example example expansion valve releases high-pressure liquid refrigant into the evaporator at reduced pressure. The quid refrigerant begins to vaporize by absorbing that from the air passing over the external surface the evaporator coil. The heated vapor is sucked at of the evaporator section by the motor-compessor and forced into the condenser section under

sure part of the system. This piston should be f extended (louvers open 80°F (27°C) (approx.) at psig (1140 kPa) head pressure and fully closed 165 psig (1140) kPa). Failure to perform this fution could result in icing of the evaporator coil sor cutout on the low pressure cutout.

tally automatic and also may occur at extreme ditions in an attempt to maintain the suction p

sures (even during the cooling mode) at a condi-

above 55 psig (380 kPa) and the suction t

peratures (measured at the quench bulb well) be

75°F (24°C). The condenser louvers are operated

a refrigerant powered piston located in high p

6-2. Pressure Testing the Refreent System

a. General. A pressure test will indice whether the air conditioner is operating at nor or at abnormal pressures. When the air condition is not operating at normal pressures the calculations.

5-1 for troubleshooting chart.

b. System Pressure Test. Remove caps f high and low pressure service valves (fig. 5-7), nect suction and discharge pressure gages to t respective service valves. Compare the gage read with the normal range of system pressure show table 6-1.

should be ascertained and corrected. Refer to ta

6-3. Servicing Refrigerant System

a. General. When the air conditioner must dergo maintenance that requires opening the tem, the system must be discharged prior to main nance, then purged, a new dehydrator installed, the system charged after maintenance. Basic cedures involved in servicing the refrigerant

tem are as follows:

gh pressure where it is cooled and condensed back to a liquid. The heat released during condensation carried off by the condensing air stream. The liqd refrigerant flows from the condenser to a reiver, to a subcooler, and then to the thermal exinsion valve. If the temperature control switch

vaporator return air thermostat) becomes satis-

ed, or the evaporator return air temperature is

wer than the control switch set point, the re-

gerant system will switch to a by-pass condition.

ne temperature control switch will activate the

rmally-open liquid bypass solenoid valve, closing

e valve, and therefore shutting off the evaporator

ction of the unit. The motor-compressor will con-

nue to pump as usual and the suction pressure will gin to drop. When it reaches approximately 65

ig (450 kPa), the pressure regulating valve will

art to open in an effort to maintain the suction

essure above 55 psig (380 kPa) (approximately).

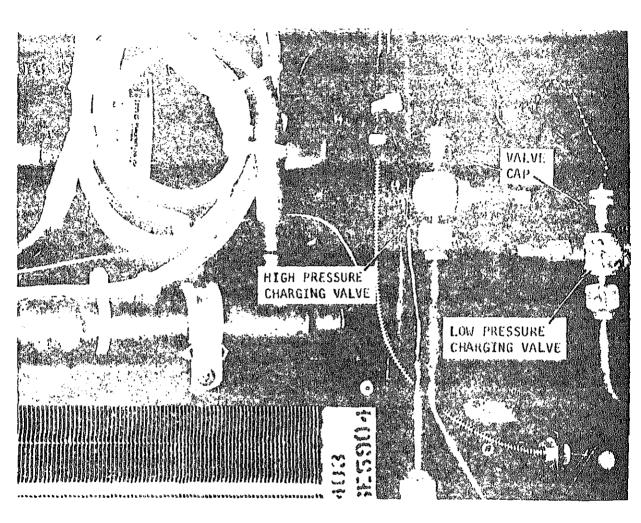
s the suction temperature increases, due to the

essure regulating valve opening, the quench ex-

insion valve will start to meter liquid refrigerant

to the suction line in an effort to maintain the

ation tomporature below 75°F (24°C) (approx.) or



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TO DISCHARGE SYSTEM:
REMOVE ACCESS COVER.
REMOVE LOW PRESSURE CHARGING VALVE
CAP. ATTACH A SUITABLE HOSE TO
CHARGING VALVE AND DISCHARGE
REFRIGERANT INTO A SAFE AREA.

NOTE: TO PREVENT EXCESS LOSS OF OIL, DISCHARGE SYSTEM SLOWLY OVER A TO PURGE SYSTEM:
REMOVE HIGH PRESSURE CHARGING VALVE CAP.
CONNECT VALVE TO A CYLINDER OF DRY NITROGEN
ATTACH A SUITABLE DISCHARGE HOSE TO
LOW PRESSURE CHARGING VALVE.
OPEN NITROGEN VALVE AND ALLOW NITROGEN TO

OPEN NITROGEN VALVE AND ALLOW NITROGEN TO FLOW THROUGH SYSTEM UNTIL ALL MOISTURE IS FORCED OUT. CLOSE NITROGEN CYLINDER VALVE. CONNECT A VACUUM PUMP TO HIGH AND LOW PRESSURE CHARGING VALVES AND HOLD A

60°F (10°C)

58-65 psi

At 90°F (32°C) DB return air to unit

58-70 psi

76°F (24°C)

Outdoor Ambient Temperature

Table 6-1. Normal Operating Pressures

60.76 psi 76-90 pai (265-295 kPa) (515-620 kPa)

120°F (49°C)

65-75 psi

(460-515 kPa)

370-410 pai

(2550-2825 kPa)

100°F (38°C)

60-75 psi

250-290 pei

(1725-2000 kPa)

(400-450 kPa) (400-485 kPa) BBure 265-295 psi 370-410 psi 175-210 psi icharge 125-160 psi (860-1100 kPa) (1200-1450 kPa) (1750-2025 kPa) (2550-2825 kPa) ssure At 80°F (27°C) DB return air to unit

> 58-65 psi 58.70 psi (400-450 kPa) (400-485 kPa) 120-155 psi 170-205 psi (1170-1415 kPa) (825-1070 kPa)

(415-515 kPa)

Charging the System. Refer to figure 6-2 for ructions on charging the system with gerant.

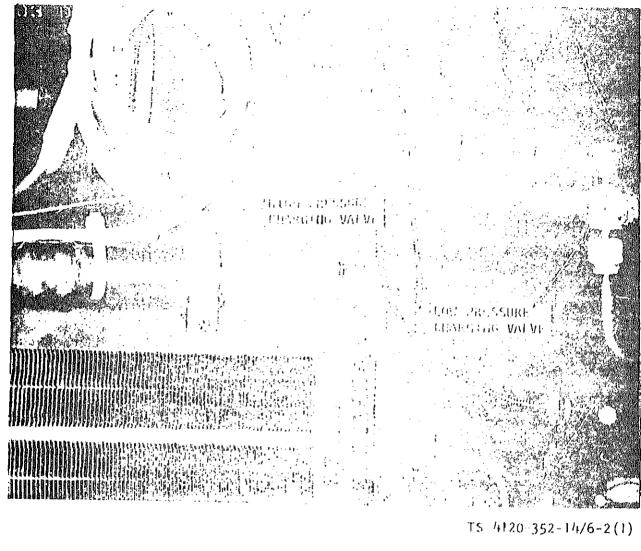
ction

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asure

charge

ssure



NOTE: STEPS 1, 2 AND 3 APPLY ONLY TO A COMPLETELY EVACUATED SYSTEM.
TO ADD ADDITIONAL REFERESANT TO A CHARGED SYSTEM, REFER TO STEPS 6 THRU 9.

STEP 1. REMOVE ACCESS COVER.

REMOVE HIGH PRESSURE CHARGING VALVE CAP AND
LOOSELY CONNECT CHARGING LINE OF DRUM TO VALVE.

STEP 2. OPEN REFRIGERANT DRUM VALVE SLIGHTLY

- STEP 3. SET THE REFRIGERANT DRUM IN AN INVERTED POSITION ON A SCALE.
 DO NOT OPERATE THE AIR CONDITIONER.
 OPEN CHARGING LINE VALVE AND CHARGING VALVE AND
 CHARGE REFRIGERANT SYSTEM UNTIL SYSTEM AND DRUM PRESSURES
 HAVE EQUALIZED, OR UNTIL 2.1 POUND OF REFRIGERANT HAVE
 ENTERED THE SYSTEM.
- STEP 4. CLOSE VALVES AND CAREFULLY LOOSEN THE CHARGING LINE TO RELEASE TRAPPED PRESSURE.

 DISCONNECT CHARGING LINE AND INSTALL CHARGING VALVE CAP.

 OPERATE AIR CONDITIONER IN COOLING MODE FOR 15 MINUTES.
- STEP 5. CHECK LIQUID SIGHT INDICATOR. IF SYSTEM IS SHORT OF REFRIGERANT, GAS BUBBLES WILL APPEAR REGULARLY IN THE INDICATOR. IF REFRIGERANT SYSTEM IS UNDERCHARGED, ADD ADDITIONAL REFRIGERANT. FOLLOWING STEPS 6 THROUGH 9.
- STEP 6. USING SAME DRUM AND CHARGING LINE, PLACE DRUM IN AN UPRIGHT POSITION ON A SCALE. REMOVE CAP FROM LOW PRESSURE (SUCTION SIDE) CHARGING VALVE, AND LOOSELY CONNECT CHARGING LINE TO VALVE. PURGE AIR FROM LINE AS IN STEP 2.
- CAUTION: WHEN ADDING REFRIGERANT, USE EXTREME CARE TO AVOID ADDING REFRIGERANT TO THE SYSTEM TOO FAST, WHICH WOULD CAUSE SLUGGING AT THE COMPRESSOR.
- STEP 7. WITH THE AIR CONDITIONER OPERATING, ADMIT GAS TO SYSTEM SLOWLY (APPROXIMATELY 1 OUNCE PER MINUTE).

 CONSTANTLY OBSERVE DRUM WEIGHT TO INSURE THAT ONLY

 2.1 POUNDS TOTAL WEIGHT OF REFRIGERANT IS IN SYSTEM.
- STEP 8. REPEAT STEP 4.
- STEP 9. CHECK LIQUID SIGHT INDICATOR. IF INDICATOR REGULARLY SHOWS BUBBLES, REPEAT STEPS 6 THROUGH 9, ADDING REFRIGERANT IN 4 OUNCE INCREMENTS UNTIL INDICATOR IS CLEAR.
- STEP 10. REPLACE ACCESS COVER.

Effether italy Regist of the resident contracts a. Locate leak (para 4-52). b. Discharge system (figure 6.1), repair leak, and recharge system (para 6-3).

NOTE

mation within the system

If soldering is necessary on any part of the Astrona constant purge of dry nitrogen must be fest through the system being soldered to prevent scale for-

a. General. The compressor is a hermetically

Decontamination

6-5.

sealed unit and cannot be repaired. An inoperative compressor is usually due to a mechanical failure or motor burnout. If the compressor is mechnically fro-

zen or sustains a motor burnout, it must be replaced. A compressor failure generates high temperature causing a breakdown of oil, refrigerant and motor insulation, with the resulting formation of acid, moisture, sludge. The products are extremely corrosive and must be flushed from the sys-

tem or repeated burnouts will occur. b. Procedure. (1) Discharge system and purge with nitrogen (figure 6-1). (2) Remove defective motor-compressor (para

5 17). (3) Remove dehydrator (para 5/24). (4) With compressor out of system, purge all

(5) Install a new compressor (para 5-17) containing a full and proper oil charge.

lines with dry nitrogen.

6.6.

(6) Install new dehydrator (para 5-24). In step 10 this dehydrator will again be replaced.

(7) Triple evacuate system and charge with refrigerant R22. (8) Start air conditioner (para 2-10) and operate unit for 24 hours.

(para 6.3). (10) Install new dehydrator (para 5-24).

(12) Operate air conditioner.

(9) Discharge system and purge with nitrogen

(11) Evacuate system and recharge with refrigerant (para 6-3).

a. General. Replaceable parts are the coil l

net assembly, diaphragm and the preformed pa

ing. See figure 6-3.

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 Coil Diaphragm

3. Preformed packing Bonnet assembly

Evaporator and Condenser Coils

lve leads.						
(2) Remove nut on top of valve housing. Lift	6-8. Fan Motors.					
using and coil assembly from bonnet assembly.	a. General. The condenser fan motor and					
(3) Remove coil from housing.	evaporator fan motor are identical. Therefor,					
(4) Install coil bottom plate with edge upward.	following instructions apply equally to either a					
(5) Install lower coil sleeve with flange at both. (6) Install coil with lead exits and bottom. (6) Install coil spring with flat edges upward dupper coil sleeve with flage at top. Sleeve passes rough the coil spring. (7) Install coil housing, data plate and nut. (8) Bonnet Assembly and Diaphragm Replacement. Replace parts as follows: (1) To replace diaphragm(2, figure 6-3), repove two screws from body flanges and lift housing, all and bonnet assembly (4) from body. Lift out dishragm. (2) To replace bonnet assembly, remove coil using and coil (b above) from bonnet assembly. (3) Assemble coil and bonnet assembly. Install aphragm and preformed packing (3) on body. In-	b. Disassembly. Refer to figure 6-4 and semble motor as follows: (1) Remove four hex nuts (1), four the bolts (2), and eight flat washers (3). Remove end bell (4). (2) Pull out rotor (9) and remove shand (6), bearing spacers (7) and bearings (8). Remove screw (10), washer (11), a clamp (12). Remove screw (13), washer (11), a clamp (12). Remove screw (13), washer (11), a clamp (16), and strain relief bushing (17). It connector. (4) Refer to paragraph 4-39 and removemal protector housings (21) and (25), therefore (22) and (26), and attaching hardway move front end bell (27) from stator (28).					
Index, Figure 6-4. Far	n motor, exploded view.					
1. NUT, HEX	15, TERMINAL					
2. BOLT, THROUGH	16. CABLE					
3. WASHER, FLAT	17. BUSHING, STRAIN RELIEF 18. CONNECTOR					
4. END BELL, REAR	19. SCREW					
5. SHIM 6. SHIM	20. WASHER					
7. SPACER, BEARING	21. HOUSING, THERMAL PROTECTOR					
8. BEARING, BALL, ANNULAR	22. THERMAL PROTECTOR					
9. ROTOR	23. SCREW					
10. SCREW	24. WASHER					

screws.

stall coil and bonnet assembly and secure with t

25. HOUSING, THERMAL PROTECTOR

26. THERMAL PROTECTOR

27. END BELL, FRONT

28. STATOR

b. Coil Replacement. Replace coil as follows:

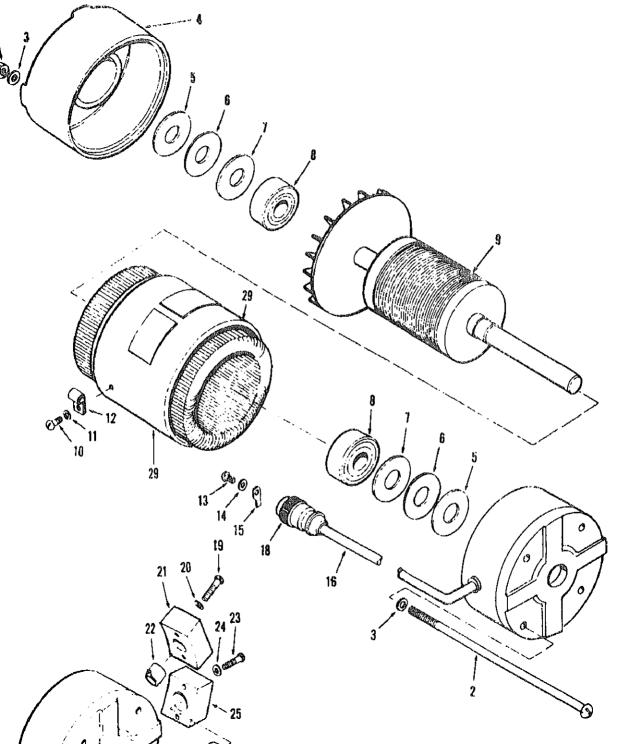
11. WASHER

13. SCREW

14. WASHER

12. CLAMP, LOOP

(1) Remove electrical connector from solenoid



pect and repair parts as follows: WARNING

c. Cleaning, Inspection and Repair. Clean, in-

sive heat. Flash point of solvent is 100° - 138°F (38° - 59°C).

ed. Spec. P.D-680). Wipe off electrical parts with clean cloth. (2) Inspect wiring for damaged insulation and

oken wiring. Repair damaged insulation. (3) Inspect connector for damage. (4) Inspect bearing for wear, galling or flat ots. Repace defective bearings.

(5) Inspect shaft for gouges or worn bearing rface. Repair minor defects. (6) Inspect stator for damaged, broken or

d. Assembly. Refer to figure 6-4 and assemble (1) Install thermal protectors (22) and (26)

Index, Figure 6.6. Control module, exploded view

(2) Remove knob (4). Drive out roll pin

20. NUT

26. POST

ule are shown in figure 6.5.

electrical connections.

washer (3).

6-9.

(7), bearings (8), and rotor (9).

semble the control module as follows: (1) Remove four screws (1) and split gro (3). Slide cover (2) from module and pull cap tube and bulb through opening in bottom of c

b. Disassembly. Refer to figure 6-5 and a

(2) Install connector (18) on cable (16). It

(3) Install shims (5) and (6), bearing sp

(4) Install rear end bell (4). Place a

(5) Install loop clamp (12) on cable and s

washer (3) on each through bolt (2). Install thr

bolts in motor and secure each with a nut (1)

clamp (12) on cable and secure clamp to s

a. General. This paragraph covers repair of

control module. Testing, removal, and install

of switches and circuit breaker are covered in

graphs 4.45 through 4.47. Parts of the control

frame with screw (10) and washer (11).

Control Module.

cable and strain relief bushing (17) in end bell Partially install end bell on stator and connec minal (15), with screw (13) and washer (14), I

21. WASHER, FLAT, NO. 6

25. WASHER, FLAT, NO. 6

23. MOUNTING FRAME

22. CONNECTOR ASSEMBLY

I. SCREW, FLAT CSK-HD, 4-40 x 7-16

27. SETSCREW, HEX-SOC, 4-48 x 1/8 28. KNOB 29. JACKSCREW EXTENSION 30. SWITCH, TOGGLE

 KNOB 32. ROTARY SWITCH, MODE SELECTOR 33 SCREW SPLEAKO PANJID 6.32 v 5/16

24. SCREW, SELF-LKG, PAN-HD, 6-32x5/16

(1) Clean metal parts with cleaning solvent

to personnel and property. Avoid repeated and prolonged skin contact. Do not use near open flame or exces-

Dry cleaning solvent, P-D-680, used to clean parts, is potentially dangerous

orted wiring. otor as follows:

id housings (21) and (25) in front end bell (28) as scribed in paragraph 4-39.

5. ROLL PIN 6. SCREW, SELF-LKG, FLAT-HD, 6-32x5/16 7. SCREW, FLAT CSK-HD, 6-32 x 7/8 8. NUT, HEX, SELF-LKG, 6-32

9. POST, SPACER

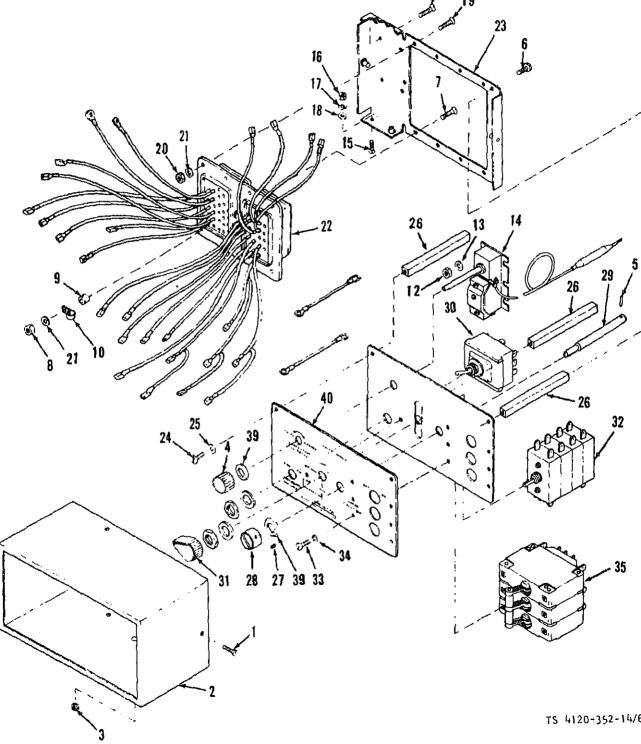
3. GROMMET, SPLIT

2. COVER

4. KNOB

10. LOOP CLAMP 11. SCREW, FLAT CSK-HD, 6-32 x7/16 12. NUT, HEX, SELF-LKG, 6-32 13. WASHER, FLAT, NO. 6

14 SWITCH TEMPERATURE CONTROL



g screws (6) and remove rear mounting frame (23) th connector and temperature control switch atched. (4) Remove connector mounting screw (7), nut , loop clamp (10), washer (21) and spacer post (9) release temperature control capillary tube. (5) Remove four screws (11), nuts (12), and shers (13) and remove temperature control

(3) Disconnect leads. Remove three self-lock-

- (6) Remove screw (15), nut (16), lock washer) and two flat washers (18) and disconnect
- (7) Remove seven remaining screws (19), nuts)) and washers (21) and remove connector assem-(22) from mounting frame (23). Do not remove ds from connector unless they require replace-

itch (14).

ound lead.

nt.

- (8) Remove three screws (24), washers (25) d posts (26). (9) Remove setscrew (27), knob (28), and jackew extension (29).
- (10) Remove toggle switch (30) by removing knut and washer. (11) Remove mode selector knob (31), switch t and washer and remove mode selector rotary
- itch (32). (12) Disassemble handle of three phase circuit aker (35). Remove six screws (33) and washers) securing three phase circuit breaker (35) to unting plate (36). Remove circuit breaker. (13) Remove grommets (37) and designation

WARNING

- 138°F (38° - 59°C).

te (38) from mounting plate.

Dry cleaning solvent, P-D-680, used to clean parts, is potentially dangerous to personnel and property. Avoid repeated and prolonged skin contact. Do not use near open flame or exces-

sive heat. Flash point of solvent is 100°

- and circuit breaker. Replace defective parts.
- (3) Inspect connector for damaged casing bent or broken contacts. Check wiring for dam. insulation and broken wires. Check terminals damage. Repair damaged wiring. Replace conne

a clean cloth.

- if defective. (4) Check cover, frame and plates for condition. Straighten bent parts or replace par
- required. d. Assembly. Refer to figure 6-5 and asser control module as follows:
 - (1) Place designation plate (38) on mou
- plate (36) and install circuit breaker (35) screws (33) and washers (34). Install ground (37).
 - (2) Install rotary switch (32) and secure
- switch nut and washer. Install knob (31). (3) Install toggle switch (30) and secure switch nut and washer.
- (4) Insert jackscrew extension (29) thro opening in mounting plate and install knob (28) setscrew (27), (5) Install connector assembly (22) on
- mounting frame (23) and secure with seven sc (19), nuts (20), and washers (21). Omit screlower corner.
- (6) Install screw (15), washers (18) washer (17) and nut (16) with ground termina
- tween the two flat washers (18). (7) Install temperature control switch (14
- frame and secure switch with four screws (11), (12), and flat washers (13). Install loop clamp on capillary tube and install screw (7), spacer

c. Cleaning, Inspection and Repair.

(Fed. Spec. P-D-680). Wipe off electrical parts

(1) Clean metal parts with cleaning sol

(2) Refer to paragraph 4.45 and test swit

- washer (21), clamp and nut (8). (8) Assemble three posts (26) to front p with screws (24) and washers (25). Position 1
- against frame and install screws (6). Install rol (5).
 - (9) Pass capillary tube through opening bottom of cover (2) and install cover on module

REFERENCES

APPENDIX A

TB 5-4200-200-10	Hand Portable Fire Extinguisher for Army Users
Lubrication C9100IL	Fuels, Lubricants, Oils and Waxes
Painting TM 9-213	Painting Instructions for Field Use
Maintenance TM 38-750	Army Maintenance Management System
TM 750-244-3	Procedures for Destruction of Equipment to Prevent Enemy Us
Fed. Speec. P-D-680	Dry Cleaning Solvent
Shipment and Storage TM 740-90-1	Administration Storage of Equipment

Fire Protection

APPENDIX B MAINTENANCE ALLOCATION CHART

Section I. MAINTENANCE ALLOCATION CHART

parameters.

compared.

General

a. This section provides a general explanation of maintenance and repair functions authorized at rious maintenance levels.

A. Section II designates everall responsibility for

b. Section II designates overall responsibility for e performance of maintenance functions on the entified end item or component and the work mea-

entified end item or component and the work mearement time required to perform the functions by designated maintenance level. The imple-

ntation of the maintenance functions upon the ditem or component will be consistent with the signed maintenance functions.

c. Section III lists the tools and test equipment

uired for each maintenance function as refered from Section II.

Explanation of Columns in Section II a. Column 1, Group Number. Column 1 lists

nblies, subassemblies, and modules with their at higher assembly. The appplicable groups are sed in the MAC in disassembly sequence begings with the first group removed.

b. Column 2, Component/Assembly. This col-

oup number to identify related components, as-

intenance is authorised.

c. Column 3, Maintenance Functions. This umn lists the functions to be performed on the misted in Column 2. The maintenance functions

n contains the noun names of components, as-

oblies, subassemblies and modules for which

e defined as follows:

(1) Inspect. To determine serviceability of an m by comparing its physical, mechanical and/or ctrical characteristics with established stan-

(B) That The manifest approximate hillies and detect

ds through examination.

limits, by bringing into proper or exact position by setting the operating characteristics to speci

(5) Align. To adjust specified variable ments of an item to bring about optimum or des performance.

(6) Calibrate. To determine and cause rections to be made or to be adjusted on instrume or test measuring and diagnostic equipments to in precision measurement. Consists of compart of two instruments, one of which is a certified state.

dard of known accuracy, to detect and adjust

discrepancy in the accuracy of the instrument be

(7) Install. The act of emplacing, seating fixing into position an item, part or module (component or assembly) in a manner to allow the profunctioning of an assignment or system.

functioning of an equipment or system.

(8) Replace. The act of substituting a viceable like type part, subassembly, or mod (component or assembly) for an unserviceable of

terpart.

(9) Repair. The application of maintena services (inspect, test, service, adjust, align, obrate, or replace) or other maintenance act (welding, grinding, riveting, straightening, facremachining or resurfacing) to restore viceability to an item by correcting specific dam

bly, module (component or assembly), end iten system.
(10) Overhaul. That maintenance of (service/action) necessary to restore an item

fault, malfunction, or failure in a part, subass

(service/action) necessary to restore an item completely serviceable/operational condition as scribed by maintenance standards (i.e., DMWR appropriate technical publications. Overhaul is

mally the highest degree of maintenance perfor

umn is made up of sub-columns for each category of requirements. maintenance. Work time figures are listed in these b. Column 2. Maintenance Category. Th sub-columns for the lowest level of maintenance auumn shows the lowest category of maintenanthorized to perform the function listed in Column 3. thorized to use the special tools or test equipr These figures indicate the average active time rec. Column 3. Nomenclature. This column

> the name or identification of the common too special tools or test equipment. d. Column 4. National/NATO Stock (NSN). This column is provided for the NS common tool sets, special tools and test equip

> common tool sets, special tools and test equip

listed in the nomenclature column.

e. Column 5. Tool Number. This column the manufacturer's code and part number of

and test equipment.

a. Column 1. Reference Code. This column consists of an arabic number listed in sequence from

Explantation of Columns in Sec-

d. Column 4, Maintenance Category. This col-

quired to perform the maintenance function at the

indicated category of maintenance under typical

umn is provided for referencing by code, the com-

mon tool sets (not individual tools) special tools,

test and support equipment required to perform the

e. Column 5, Tools and Equipment. This col-

field operating conditions.

designated function.

tion III

3.

Section II. MAINTENANCE ALLOCATION CHART

9000 BTU/HR Air Conditioner, Compact, Horizontal

(4)

(4)

(B)

(3)

(2)

WIRING

Wiring Harness

Commonant/Assamble	Maintanana		Mainte-acas Laur	Tools &	13
Component/Assembly	Maintenance Function	c	Maintenance Leve O F H	Fools & Equipment	Rema
FRAME & CASING				 	
Panels	Repair		1.0		
. Billion	Replace		0.2		
	re prace		0.2		
Louvers	Repair		1.0	1	
	Replace		0.2		
	-				
Canvas Cover	Replace		1.0		
ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS	S				
Transformer	Test		0.3		
	Replace		1.0		
Resistor	Test		0.3		
	Replace		1.0		
	_				
Rectifier	Test		0.3	1	
	Replace		1.0		
Control Module	Test		0.3		
	Repair		2.0		
	Replace		1.0		
Switches	Test		0.3		
	Replace		1.0		
STARTING & PROTECTI	ING				
DEVICES	110				
Capacitor	Test		0.3		
	Replace		1.0		
			_		
Relays	Test		0.3		
	Replace		1.0		
Pressure Switches	Test		0.3		
	Replace		4.0	1	
Overload Protector	Test		0.3		
	Replace		1.0		
	•				
Circuit Breakers	Test		0.3		
Circuit Breakers	Replace		1.0		

0.5

Inspect

(1)	(2)	(3)			(4)			(4)	
Group Number	Component/Assembl		С	Main O	lenance F	Level H	D	Tools & Equipment	R
06	ELECTRICAL MOTOR								
	Condenser Motor	Test	0.2						
		Repair			1.0				
		Replace		2.0					
	Bearings	Replace			2.0				
	Condenser Fan	Inspect	0.2						
		Repair		1.0					
		Replace		1.0					
	Evaporator Motor	Test	0.2					1	
		Repair			4.0				
		Replace		2.0					
	Bearings	Replace			4.0				
	Evaporator Blower	Inspect	0.2						
		Clean	0.4						
		Replace			4.0				
07	REFRIGERATION COMPONENTS								
	Compressor	Test	0.3						
		Repair		1.0		_			
		Replace				8.0			
	Piping	Test	1.0					1	
		Repair			4.0				
		Replace				4.0			
	Valve Solenoid	Test	0.2						
		Replace			4.0				
	Dehydrator	Replace			4.0				
	Valvo Expansion	Replace			4.0				
	Condenser Coil	Test		1.0				1	
		Repair			6.0				
		Replace				8.0			
	Evaporator Coil	Test		1.0					
		Repair			5.0				
		Replace				8.0			
08	HEATING ELEMENTS								
	Elements	Repair	1.0					1	
		Replace		2.0					

APPENDIX C

BASIC ISSUE ITEMS LIST AND ITEMS TROOP INSTALLED OR AUTHORIZED LIST

Section I. INTRODUCTION

7.1.	Scope	
This	appendix	lists items which accompany the
r cond	litioner or	are required for installation, oper-

ion, or operator's maintenance. General

This Basic Issue Items List is divided into the fol-

2.

P2

Canna

wing sections: a. Basic Issue Items - Section II. A list of

ems which accompany the air conditioner and are quired by the crew-operator for installation, operion, or maintenance.

b. Maintenance and Operating Supplies -

ection III. A list of items of tools and test uipment.

Explanation of Columns

nns in the tabular list of Basic Issue Items, Secn II. a. Source, Maintenance, and Recoverability

The following provides an explanation of col-

des (SMR): (1) Source code, indicates the source for the ted item. Source codes are:

Code Explanation P Repair Parts, Special Tools and Test Equipment

supplied from the GSA/DSA, or Army supply system and authorized for use as indicated maintenance categories.

Repair Parts, Special Tools and Test Equipment

which are procured and stocked for insurance pur-

poses because the combat or military essentiality of

the end item dictates that a minimum quantity be

Х Parts and assemblies that are not procure stocked because the failure rate is normally h that of the applicable end item or component failure of such part or assembly should result i

tirement of the end item from the supply syst **X**1 Repair parts which are not procured or stocked requirement for such items will be filled by u the next higher assembly or component.

quiring such repair parts will attempt to obtain parts through cannibalization or salvage, the may be requisitioned with exception data, from end item manager, for immediate use. G Major assemblies that are procured with P. funds for initial issue only as exchange assem

X2

(2) Maintenance code, indicates the lov category of maintenance authorized to install listed item. The maintenance level code is: Code Explanation R

supply level.

basis.

ponents) special tools and test equipment which considered economically reparable at direct general support maintenance levels. When the is no longer economically reparable, it is nor disposed of at the GS level. When supply co erations dictate, some of these repair parts m listed for automatic return to supply for depot

Repair parts, Special Tools and Test Equip-

which are not stocked and have not foreseen

tality. The indicated maintenance category

at DSU and GSU level. These assemblies wi

stocked above DS and GS level or returned to

Applied to repair parts, (assemblies and

repair as set forth in AR 710-50. When so I

they will be replaced by supply on an excl

Description of the Constant Contract Confirmant

available in the supply system.

	cial handling and are issue Such items will be repaired maintenance activities only complished at lower levels.	or overhauled at	depot parts be accomble accomble d .	ply Code for manufacturers in pare parts quantities included in kits, so blies are shown in front of the repair d. Unit of Measure (U/M). A two phabetic abbreviation indicating to			
U	cifically selected for salvag because of precious metal of	Repair parts, special tools and test equipment specifically selected for salvage by reclamation units because of precious metal content, critical materials, high dollar value or reusable casings or eastings.			quantity of the item upon which the based, e.g., ft, ea, pr, etc. e. Quantity Incorporated in umn indicates the quantity of the sembly group. A "V" appearing in the sembly group.		
ates the tem and c. De ional it he iten ised as ional Stant, actem. A	ational Stock Number, ne National Stock Number, ne National Stock Number will be used for requisive scription. This column tem name and any addition required. The abbrevi part of the nomenclature tock Number, includes all coessories, and repair part number or other real by the applicable five-discounts.	er assigned to itioning purpo indicates the ional descripti ation "w/e", e, indicates the l armament, e rts issued with eference number	indication of the sees. Is Nacon of when lows: I Nacon of g. (a) I	t be indicated and its property of the equipmed and its property of the second and its proper	ated (e.g. Furnish es the quanent. Con. This illustration illustration the control of the contro	., shims, sed With antity of a column per. Indition in w	definite quare spacers, etc.). Equipment. an item furnistis divided as cates the fighich the item the illustration of the illu
SMR CODE	(2) NATIONAL STOCK	REF NO	(3) DESCRIPTION	USABLE	(4) UNIT OF	(6) QTY FURN	(6) ILLUSTRATIO
	NUMBER	& MFR CODE		CODE	MEAS	WITH EQUIP	(A) FIG. NO.
PO	5220-00-559-9618	Installed Case: Mainte manuals, cot	nance and operation ton duck, water rep., MIL-B-11743B.		ea	1	
de la companya de la	Section III.	TOOLS AN	D TEST EQUIF	MENT R	EQUIR)	EMENTS	}
(1) REI COD	F MAINT		(5) CLATURE		(4) NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER		(6) TOOL NUMBER

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y Order of the Secretary of the Army:

BERNARD W. ROGERS General, United States Army Chief of Staff

)fficial:

J. C. PENNINGTON Brigadier General, United States Army The Adjutant General

To be distributed in accordance with DA Form 12-25C, Operator maintenance requirements for Environmental Equipment, Air Conditioners: 9,000 BTU.

TEOKWY TRUSS. IT AND DROP IT IN THE GENERATOR SET 10 KW NSN 6115-00-231-7286 1 APR 72 TION NUMBER 5-6115-200-20 AND P CT. . . PIN-POINT WHERE IT IS IN THIS SPACE TELL WHAT IS WRONG AND WHAT SHOULD BE DONE ABOUT IT: In line 6 of paragraph 2-1a th manual states the engine has & cylinders. The engine on my set 2-1 only has 4 cylinders. Change the manual thishow 4 cylinde a Callout & on figure 4-3 is pointing at a bolt. In the key to 4-3 S fig. 4-3, item 16 is called a shim. Please correct one or the I ordered a gasket, item 19 on figure B-16-by, NSN 2910-00-762-36 I got a gasket but it doesn't p 25 line 20 supply says I got what I sidered so the NSN is wrong. Olease gire me a good NSN



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